LIST

OF

# BIRDS OF DARJEELING

AND

# NEIGHBOURHOOD

By

W. H. MATTHEWS

&

V. S. EDWARDS

## "ERRATA"

- Page 4 (332) For 'STAPHIDA' read 'STAPHIDIA'
  - 6 (494) For 'Pizel' read 'Pied'
  - 17 (1424) For 'Twic's' read 'Twice'
  - 27 (565a) After 'The Central Asian Blackbird' add '(Subsp)'
  - 30 (827) For 'HODSONII' read 'HODGSONI'
  - 32 (765) For 'DICTURUS' read 'DICRURUS'
  - 33 (1680) For 'Brown' read 'Indian'

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### PREFACE.

Published information regarding the birds of Darjeeling is very scanty, and what there is, is hidden away in various publications not easily accessible to the ordinary visitor.

Due to the large increase in visitors during the past three years there has been much more interest than ever before, shown in the birds of our neighbourhood and frequently the question has been asked whether there is any book on the local birds.

The authors feel that the accompanying list which they have drawn up may be of some assistance to those interested and they hope that some day, it may be used as the basis for an illustrated book on the subject.

Darjeeling is in every way, except politically, part of Sikkim. The Civil District of Darjeeling has never, for geographical reasons, been a suitable division for ornithological purposes.

The area decided on by the authors to comprise the Neighbourhood of Darjeeling is a natural geographical division, almost entirely surrounded by rivers and valleys. The area is approximately 275 sq. miles (the surface area for birds is of course very much greater, due to hills and valleys) or about three quarters the area of Greater London.

In this area, there have been recorded 453 different species, equal to about three quarters of the number recorded for the British Isles, and one in five of all the species recorded in the Fauna of British India, 2nd edition, for the whole of India, Burma and Ceylon.

Our area is probably one of the richest in bird life in the Indian Empire. brought about partly through being in a migratory area.

A certain number of species recorded in the Fauna of British India, as being found round Darjeeling, have not been included in this list. Many of these records in F.B.I. merely mean that there are skins or eggs, in the British Museum, labelled Darjeeling. In the earlier days of collecting, it was possible or even probable that individuals making expeditions from the Plains to the Eastern Himalayas labelled all their specimens 'Darjeeling' irrespective of where they were taken.

During the past four decades, the valleys in the southern portion of our area have been very systematically and continuously worked but the Darjeeing Spur and its scarps, down to the rivers, seem only to have had spasmodic observation. It may be that, if this spur can be worked by resident observers for a period of some years, some of the excluded species may be found to belong to our area.

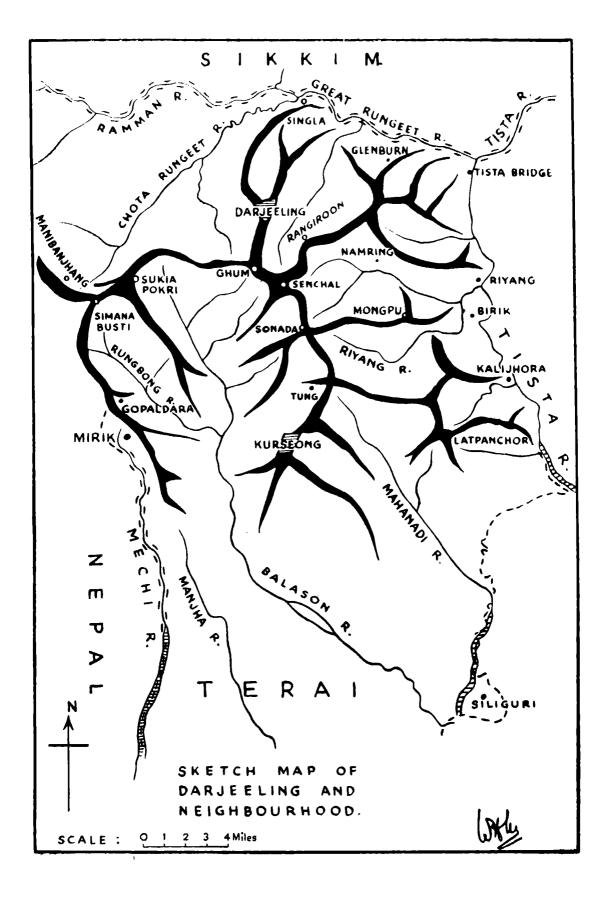
Nomenclature has been brought as up to date, as far as possible, consistent with the information in the possession of the authors. Changes have been so many since the 2nd edition of the F.B.I. was published, that it is possible some may have escaped their notice.

The authors desire to record their appreciation of the work done in the past by Messrs. G. E. Shaw and H. Stevens on whose records they have freely drawn and without which it would have been impossible for them to have made a complete list.

Use has also been made of the notes published in the 'Ibis' of a trip made by Col. Meinertzhagen in 1925/26.

Thanks are also due to Mr. C. M. Inglis, the Curator of the Darjeeling Natural History Museum, for assisting the authors with all the information in his possession.

August, 1944.



### NOTES.

DARJEELING NEIGHBOURHOOD is the area included within the following boundaries: Starting from Singla, following the Rungeet to its junction with the Tista, then down to Kalijhora, then due west to Latpanchor, Kurseong and Mirik, then north to Simana Busti and Manibanjhang and from there, northeast down the Chota Rungeet back to Singla.

DARJEELING is the Spur from Ghoom to North Point, bounded by the Old Calcutta Road, Bhutia Busti, Lebong Cart Road as far as Victoria Road, then by this road round the Botanical Gardens and then round Rose Bank and back to Ghoom by the cart road.

SENCHAL, where referred to, means the whole of the high hill, south of Tiger Hill, in addition to what is usually known as the Golf Course and View Point.

Records have been corrected up to the end of January, 1945.

D denotes that the species has been recorded in Darjeeling.

The number in brackets before each species is the reference number to the Fauna of British India. 2nd edition.

## APPROXIMATE ELEVATIONS.

			Ft.				Ft.
Badamtam			<b>250</b> 0	Manibanjhang			6450
Birch Hill			6500	Mirik			5000
Birik			800	Namring T. E.			3500
Darjeeling (Chov	vrasta)		7000	Rambi			7200
Ghoom			7400	Rangiroon		•••	6300
Glenburn T. E.			3000	Riyang			700
Gopaldara T. E.			<b>470</b> 0	Senchal Bungalo	w		8100
Jorepokri			7400	Simana Busti			7500
Kalijhora			550	Singla			900
Kurseong			5000	Sonada			6500
Labda			3000	Soom T. E.			4800
Latpanchor			3800	Sukia Pokri			7300
Lepchajagat.			7300	Sureil			5200
Mangpu		• • •	3800	Tiger Hill		•••	8500
<b>.</b>				Tista Bridge		•••	800

(T. E. .elevations are those of the bungalows.)

## BIRDS OF DARJEELING AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.

(7)	CORVUS LEVAILLANTI INTERMEDIUS  The Himalayan Jungle Crow Resident at all elevations. Common.	D .
(11)	CORVUS SPLENDENS SPLENDENS The Common Indian House-Crow Resident at all elevations. Very total.	Þ
(22)	UROCISSA FLAVIROSTRIS FLAVIROSTRIS  The Sikkim Yellow-billed Magpie Resident above 5500 ft. Common.	·
(24)	CISSA CHINENSIS CHINENSIS  The Indian Green Magpie Resident up to 5500 ft. Common.	
(32)	DENDROCITTA FORMOSAE HIMALAYENSIS  The Eastern Himalayan Tree-pie  Resident up to 7000 ft. Common.	Ð
(34)	DENDROCITTA FRONTALIS  The Black-browed Tree-pie  Twice recorded—Lopchu 4000 ft. 1902. Sureil 5200 ft. Nov. 1921. A probably resident, recorded at Namring Dec. 1944 and Jan. 1945.	party of these
(43)	GARRULUS BISPECULARIS INTERSTINCTUS  The Sikkim Jay  Rare. Probably resident on Senchal. Lower in winter.	
(46)	NUCIFRAGA CARYOCATACTES HEMISPILA  The Himalayan Nutcracker  Occasional winter visitor to Senchal-Last recorded Dec. 1942	
(59)	PARUS MONTICOLUS MONTICOLUS  The Green-backed Tit  Resident at all elevations. Common.	Ð
(64)	LOPHOPHANES ATER AEMODIUS  The Himalayan Cole Tit  Breeds from 10,000 ft. up to limit of the trees. Down to 7000 ft. is common. Recorded Darjeeling Dec. 1944; Jan. 1945.	D in winter. Not
(70)	SYLVIPARUS MODESTUS  The Yellow-browed Tit  Breeds above 6500 ft. Lower in winter. Sparingly distributed. Local	1
(73)	MACHLOLOPHUS SPILONOTUS SPILONOTUS  The Northern Black-spotted Yellow Tit  Resident from 4700 to 8000 ft. Sparingly and locally distributed	···
(77a)	AEGITHALISCUS CONCINNUS RUBRICAPILLUS  The Sikkim Red-headed Tit  Resident from 5000—7500 ft. Fairly common.	D
(87)	MELANOCHLORA SULTANEA SULTANEA  The Indian Sultan Tit  Resident up to 3000 ft. Common. (Tumsong 4800 ft. once).	
(90)	PARADOXORNIS FLAVIROSTRIS  The Black-throated or Gould's Parrot-Bill Once recorded. Rangiroon 6300 ft. Dec. 1925.	
(92)	SUTHORA UNICOLOR  The Brown Suthora  Residental on Senchal above 6500 ft. Not common.	
(95)	SUTHORA POLIOTIS HUMII  The Black-fronted Suthora  Probably resident on Senchal above 6000 ft. Rare.	
(104)	PSITTIPARUS RUFICEPS RUFICEPS  The Sikkim Red-headed Parrot-Bill  Recorded on occasions in the Rungbong valley. Rare straggler	

(106)	PSITTIPARUS GULARIS GULARIS  The Sikkim Grey-headed Parrot-Bill  Rare and locally distributed from 2800 ft. upwards. Probably resident.		
(108)	SITTA HIMALAYENSIS  The White-tailed Nuthatch  Resident above 5500 ft. Not uncommon	D	
(111)	SITTA CASTANEA CINNAMOVEN'I RIS  The Cinnamon-bellied Nuthatch  Resident up to 5600 ft. Common.		
(118)	SITTA FORMASA  The Beautiful Nuthatch  Recorded from Rangiroon. Dec. 1925. Darjeeling, no date.		
(119)	SITTA FRONTALIS CORALLINA  The Himalayan Velvet-fronted Nuthatch Resident up to 3800 ft. Common.		
(120)	DRYONASTES RUFICOLLIS  The Rufous-necked Laughing-Thrush Resident up to 4500 ft. Very common.		
(123)	DRYONASTES CAERULATUS CAERULATUS The Sikkim Grey-sided Laughing-Thrush		
(128)	Resident above 4000 ft. Fairly common.  GARRULAX LEUCOLOPHUS LEUCOLOPHUS  The Western Himalayan White-crested Laughing-Thrush		
(132)	Resident up to 4000 ft. *Common.  GARRULAX PECTORALIS PECTORALIS  The Indian Black-gorgeted Laughing-Thrush Resident up to 3800 ft. Locally distributed.		
(134)	GARRULAX MONILEGER MONILEGER The Indian Necklaced Laughing-Thrush		
(137)	Resident up to 4000 ft. Locally distributed.  GARRULAX ALBOGULARIS ALBOGULARIS  The Eastern White-throated Laughing-Thrush Resident from 6000 to 7300 ft. Very locally distributed.		
(143)	IANTHOCINCLA RUFOGULARIS RUFOGULARIS  The Sikkim Rufous-chinned Laughing Thrush  Breeds from 3900-6900 ft. Probably lower in winter.	,D	
(150)	TROCHALOPTERON ERYTHROCEPHALUM NIGRIMENTUM The Sikkim Red-headed Laughing-Thrush Resident from 3800 ft. upwards. Common.	D	
(156)	TROCHALOPTERON PHOENICEUM PHOENICEUM  The Nepal Crimson-winged Laughing-Thrush  Resident from 3000-6000 ft. Common.		-
(160)	TROCHALOPTERON SUBUNICOLOR SUBUNICOLOR  The Nepal Plain-coloured Laughing-Thrush  Three times recorded. Pashok, 3500 ft. 23/12/25; Darjeeling, 6500	<b>D</b> ft.,	3/1/26;
(164)	Rumbi, 7000 ft., 1931.  TROCHALOPTERON SQUAMATUM  The Blue-winged Laughing-Thrush Resident from 3500-7500 ft. Common.	D	
(177a)	GRAMMATOPTILA STRIATA SIKKEMENSIS  The Sikkim Striated Laughing-Thrush Resident from 4500-7500 ft. Common.	D	
(199)	POMATORHINUS SCHISTICEPS SCHISTICEPS  The Himalayan Slaty-headed Scimitar-Babbler  Resident up to 4000 ft. Rarc. Once recorded Darjeeling. 1/1/26.	D	
(210)	POMATORHINUS FERRUGINOSUS FERRÜGINOSUS  The Western Coral-billed Scimitar-Babbler  Resident from 4000 6000 ft. Rare.		

	( 3 )	
(214)	POMATORHINUS RUFICOLLIS RUFICOLLIS  The Nepal Rufous-necked Scimitar-Babbler Resident from 4000 ft. upwards. Fairly common.	D
(220)	POMATORHINUS ERYTHROGENYS HARINGTONI The Sikkim Rusty-cheeked Scimitar-Babbler Resident from 1500 It. up to 6500 ft. Common.	
(226)	XIPHORAMPHUS SUPERCILIARIS  The Sikkim Slender-billed Scimitar-Babbler Recorded once. Badamtam, 3000 ft. Jan. 1926.	
(232)	GAMPSORHYNCHUS RUFULUS RUFULUS  The Sikkim White-headed Shrike-Babbler Resident below 2500 ft. Local.	
(243)	PELLORNEUM RUFICEPS MANDELLII  The Assam Spotted Babbler  Resident up to 4000 ft. Locally common.	
(262)	RIMATOR MALACOPTILUS  The Long-billed Wren-Babbler Recorded from Gopaldara 5600 ft. on 1/2/21 and Rangiroon, 6300 ft. Sep	t. 19 <del>3</del> 2.
(270)	STACHYRIS NIGRICEPS NIGRICEPS  The Sikkim Black-throated Babbler Resident up to 6300 ft. Common.	
(273)	STACHYRIS CHRYSAEA CHRYSAEA  The Nepal Golden-headed Babbler  Resident up to 6300 ft. Fairly common.	
(277)	STACHYRIDOPSIS RUFICEPS RUFICEPS  The Assam Red-headed Babbler  Breeds from about 4000-7500 ft. Lower in winter Fairly common.	D
(280)	STACHYRIDOPSIS RUFIFRONS AMIGUA  The Assam Red-fronted Babbler  Breeds up to 3500 ft. To plains and foothills in winter. Common.	
(283)	MIXORNIS GULARIS RUBRICAPILLA  The Assam Yellow-breasted Babbler  Straggles up the Tista Valley from the Plains as far as Birik.	
(286)	ALCIPPE NEPALENSIS NEPALENSIS  The Nepal White-eyed Quaker Babbler  Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	
(301)	PSEUDOMINLA CINEREA The Dusky-green Tit-Babbler Recorded between Sonada and Sureil at 6000 ft. in March 1922 and i Valley at 3850 ft. on 24/2/20. Rare and very locally distributed.	n the Tista
(302)	PSEUDOMINLA CASTANICEPS CASTANICEPS  The Sikkim Chestnut-headed Babbler  Breeds from about 5000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Fairly common	<b>D</b>
(304)	FULVETTA VINIPECTA CHUMBIENSIS  The Nepal White-browed Fulvetta  Resident from 7500 ft. upwards. Some birds lower in winter. Fairly co.	
(309)	LIOPARUS CHRYSOTIS  The Himalayan Golden-breasted Fulvetta  Resident from 6500 ft. upwards. Not common.	
(310)	HETEROPHASA PICAOIDES PICAOIDES  The Nepal Long-tailed Sibia  Resident up to 2500 ft. Not common.	
(811)	LEIOPTILA CAPISTRATA BAYLEI	D

The Bhutan Black-headed Sibia Breeds from 5000 ft. upwards. To foothills in winter. Very common. ACTINODURA EGERTONI EGERTONI
The Nepal Bar-Wing
Resident up to 6300 ft. Not common. (321)

LEIOPTILA CAPISTRATA BAYLEI

(311)

(326)	SIBIA NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS The Hoary Bar-Wing	
/# <b>0.0</b> 0	Occasional winter visitor to our area, seldom coming below 9000 (	t.
(3 <b>32</b> )	STAPHIDA STRIATA RUFIGENIS  The White-browed Staphidia  Rare straggler from the foothills. Obtained at Labda, 2000 ft.	Nov 1919 belo
(333)	Surcil, 5100 ft. March 1920; below Sureil, 5000 ft. Aug. 1933. SIVA STRIGULA STRIGULA	•
(333)	The Nepal Stripe-throated Siva Breeds from 5500 ft. upwards. Lower in winter Common.	D
<b>(335</b> )	SIVA CYANOUROPTERA CYANOUROPTERA	<b>D</b>
	The Nepal Blue-winged Siva Breeds chiefly from 5000-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Fairly commo	n.
(339)	YUHINA GULARIS GULARIS The Nepal Stripe-throated Yuhina	D
(0.40)	Probably breeds on Senchal above 7000 ft. Lower in winter. No	t common.
(342)	YUHINA OCCIPITALIS OCCIPITALIS The Slaty-headed Yuhina	D
(343)	Breeds above 6500 ft. Lower in winter. Not common. YUHINA NIGRIMENTUM NIGRIMENTUM	
	The Nepal Black-chinned Yuhina Resident up to 3500 ft. Fairly common.	
(345)	IXULUS FLAVICOLLIS FLAVICOLLIS	D
()	The Nepal Yellow-naped Ixulus	_
/95A)	Breeds from about 5000 ft. 7000 ft. Down to foothills in winter. ERPORMIS XANTHOLEUCA XANTHOLEUCA	_
(350)	The Nepal White-bellied Herpornis	D
	Recorded from Birch Hill at 6500 ft. in Dec. 1930. All other rebird is resident from Plains level up to 4500 ft.	cords indicate th
(351)	LEIOTHRIX LUTEA CALLIPYGA The Indian Red-billed Leiothrix	D
	Resident from about 3000-7000 ft. Very common	
(353)	CUTTA NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS	
	The Nepal Cutia Probably breeds from 5000-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare and 1	ocally distributed
(354)	PTERUTHIUS ERYTHROPTERUS	D
	The Red-winged Shrike-Babbler Breeds above 6000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common. Local.	
(356)	Breeds above 6000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common. Local. PTERUTHIUS AENOBARBUS MELANOTIS	D .
(330)	The Himalayan Chestnut-throated Shrike-Babbler	_
(360)	Breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not common. HILAROCICHLA RUFIVENTER	
(300)	The Rusous-bellied Shrike-Babbler	
	Breeds from 6000-8000 ft. Rare.	
(362)	AEGITHINA TIPHIA TIPHIA The Common Iora	
	Breeds up to 5600 ft. Lower in winter. Fairly common.	
(367)	MYZORNIS PYRRHOURA	D
	The Fire-tailed Myzornis Probably found on Senchal in winter. Rare.	
368)	CHLOROPSIS AURIFRONS AURIFRONS	
, /	The Indian Gold-fronted Chloropsis	
9715	Resident up to 3000 ft. Local. CHLOROPSIS HARDWICKII HARDWICKII	D
(371)	The Indian Orange-bellied Chloropsis	-
	Resident up to 6500 ft. Common.	D
(376)	MESIA ARGENTAURIS ARGENTAURIS The Indian Silver-eared Mesia	D
	Breeds from 4000-6500 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	

(377)	MINLA IGNOTING A  The Red-tailed Minla  Breeds from 4500 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common.	D
(380)	CRINIGER GULARIS FLAVEOLUS  The Indian Yellow White-throated Bulbul Resident up to 2000 ft. Common.	
(386)	MICROSCELIS PSAROIDES PSAROIDES  The Himalayan Black Bulbul *  Resident at all elevations. Common.	D ,
(391)	IXOS FLAVALA FLAVALA  The Himalayan Brown-eared Bulbul Resident up to 4000 ft. Fairly common.	
(394)	IXOS MACCLELLANDI MACCLELLANDI The Himalayan Rufous-bellied Bulbul Resident from 4000-6500 ft. Not common.	D
(397)	ALCURUS STRIATUS  The Striated Green Bulbul  Resident from 4700-6500 ft. Common.	D
(403)	MOLPASTES CAFER BENGALENSIS  The Bengal Red-vented Bulbul  Resident up to 4500 ft. Common. Occasionally wanders up to 6500	D ft. under
(405)	favourable conditions.  MOLPASTES LEUCOGENYS LEUCOGENYS  The Himalayan White-cheeked Bulbul  Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	D
(410)	OTOCOMPSA JOCOSA EMERIA  The Bengal Red-whishered Bulbul  Resident in Tista Valley as far up as Birik, 600 ft. Common.	
(413)	OTOCOMPSA FLAVIVENTRIS FLAVIVENTRIS  The Himalayan Black-crested Yellow Bulbul Resident up to 5000 ft. Not common.	
(448)	CERTHIA FAMILIARIS MANDELLII  The Nepal Common Tree-Greeper  Resident from 7500 ft. upwards. Not uncommon.	D
(451)	CERTHIA DISCOLOR DISCOLOR  The Sikkim Tree-Creeper  Probably breeds from 5800-7500 ft. Lower in winter.	D
(455)	CERTHIA NIPALENSIS  Blyth's Tree-Creeper  Recorded down to 6500 ft. in winter.	
(457)	TICHODROMA MURARIA  The Wall-Creeper  Uncommon winter visitor at all elevations.	D
(458)		D
(462)	ELACHURA FORMOSA  The Spotted Wren  Probably breeds from 5000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Very rare. Sure	eil 5000 ft.
(470)	June 1927.  SPELAEORNIS CAUDATUS  The Tailed Wren  Probably breeds on Senchal. Lower in winter. Very rare. Mongpu, 5500	ft. March
	1927. Rangiroon, 6300 ft. Dec. 1932.	
(471)	PNOEPYGA ALBIVENTRIS ALBIVENTRIS  The Nepal Scaly-breasted Wren  Resident from 5000 ft. upwards. Rare.	D

(472)	PNOEPYGA PUSILLA PUSILLA  The Himalayan Brown Wren Resident up to 6500 ft. Rare.	D
(475)	·	
(476)		
(479)	CINCLUS PALLASII TENUIROSTRIS  The Indian Brown Dipper  Breeds from 700 ft. upwards in winter. Higher in summer. Not us	กะดมเพิงท
(484)	LARVIVORA BRUNNEA BRUNNEA  The Indian Blue Chat Probably breeds from 5000 ft. to 9000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.	icommon.
(487)	HETEROXENICUS HYPERYTHRUS  The Rusty-billed Short-Wing Once recorded in our area. Mongpu 3800 ft. May 1920.	
(488)	HETEROXENICUS CRURALIS  The White-browed Short-Wing  Resident from 5000 ft. upwards. Not common.	
(489)	HETEROXENICUS NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS  The Nepal Short-tailed Chat  Breeds from 4700-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Rather rare.	•
(491)	HODGSONIUS PHOENICUROIDES PHOENICUROIDES  The Nepal Long-tailed Short-Wing  Probably breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Rare.	
(494)	SAXICOLA CAPRATA BICOLOR  The Northern Indian Stone-Chat or Pizel Bush-Chat Seen occasionally in the winter months at about 4000 ft. elevation.	D
(495)	SAXICOLA TORQUATA INDICA  The Indian Bush-Chat  Breeds from 3000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common.	
(496)	SAXICOLA TORQUATA PRZEWALSKII  The Turkestan Bush-Chat  Rare passage migrant. Twice recorded: near Riyang, 1000 ft. Oct. 3500 ft. Oct. 1919.	1918. <b>Mongpu,</b>
(502)	RHODOPHILA FERREA FERREA  The Western Dark-Grey Bush-Chat  Breeds from 4000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common.	D
(518)	ENICURUS MACULATUS GUTTATUS  The Eastern Spotted Forktail Resident from 3000-7500 ft. Common.	D .
(519)	ENICURUS SCHISTACEUS  The Slaty-backed Forktail  Resident from the foothills up to 4000 ft. Very common.	
(520)	ENICURUS IMMACULATUS The Black-backed Forktail Resident up to 1500 ft. Common.	
(521)	ENICURUS LESCHENAULTI INDICUS  The Indian Black-breasted Forktail Once recorded. Badamtam 3000 ft. 15/1/26.	
(525)	MICROCICHLA SCOULERI SCOULERI  The Himalayan Little Forktail  Breeds from 2500 ft. upwards. Common.	D
(526)	PHOENICURUS FRONTALIS  The Blue-fronted Redstart  Winter visitor down to 3500 ft. Not common.	D

(530)	PHOENICURUS HODGSONI The Chestnut-breasted Redstart Passage migrant. Rare.	D
(532)	PHOENICURUS OCHRUROS RUFIVENTRIS  The Eastern Indian Redstart  Regular winter visitor round Darjeeling and passage migrant through the Plains.	<b>D</b> the valleys to
(534)	CHAIMARRORNIS LEUCOCEPHALUS  The White-capped Redstart  Breeds from 7000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter.	D
(535)	RHYACORNIS FULIGINOSA FULIGINOSA  The Himalayan Plumbeous Redstart  Breeds from 2500 ft. upwards. Lower in winter.	D
(538)	CYANOSYLVIA SUCCICA ROBUSTA  The Chinese Red-spotted Blue-Throat  Rare winter visitor. Twice recorded from Gopaldara, 3500 ft., 13/2/1	19 & 2/12/21.
(539)	CYANOSYLVIA CYANECULA ABBOTTII.  The Eastern White-spotted Blue-Throat  Rare winter visitor. Twice recorded: Tista Bridge. 900 ft., 28/1 8000 ft., 6/10/43.	
(542)	CALLIOPE CALLIOPE  The Common Ruby-Throat  Winter visitor and passage migrant. Not common.	
(544)	CALLIOPE PECTORALIS CONFUSA  The Eastern Himalayan Ruby-Throat  Winter visitor probably down to the Plains. Not common.	
(545)	CALLIOPE PECTORALIS TSCHEBAIEWI  The Tibet Ruby-Throat  Passage migrant. Rare. Namring 3500 ft. 20/3/39.	
(546)	TARSIGER CHRYSAEUS CHRYSAEUS  The Nepal Golden Bush-Robin  Probably only a winter visitor. Down to 2400 ft. Not common.	D
(549)	IANTHIA CYANURA RUFILATA  The Nepal Red-flanked Bush-Robin Winter visitor down to about 3600 ft. Not uncommon.	D
(551)	IANTHIA INDICA INDICA TheIndian White-browed Bush-Robin Rare winter visitor. Recorded: Senchal, 7750 ft. 7/2/17; Sukia	<b>P</b> ohri, 6800 ft.
(552)	13/2/20; Tista Bridge, 1000 ft., 28/12/25.  IANTHIA HYPERYTHRA  The Rufous-bellied Bush-Robin  Rare winter visitor. Observed as low as Nurbong, 1085 ft., 21/2/14	ı.
(554)	MUSCISYLVIA LEUCURA  The White-tailed Blue-Robin  Breeds from 4000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not common.	D
(555)	CALLENS FRONTALIS  The Blue-fronted Callene Once recorded; Jorepokri, 7/7/04.	
(558)	COPSYCHUS SAULARIS SAULARIS  The Indian Magpie-Robin  Breeds up to 5500 ft. Lower in winter. Fairly common.	
(563)	KITTACINCLA MALABARICA INDICA  The Indian Shama Resident up to 3800 ft. Not common.	
(570)	TURDUS MERULA ALBOCINCTUS  The White-collared Blackbird  Regular winter visitor. Some birds straggle down to the foothills. No	D ot common.

(571)	TURDUS BOULBOUL  The Grey-winged Blackbird  Breeds from about 4000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not unco	D
(572)	TURDUS RUBROCANUS RUBROCANUS  The Western Grey-headed Thrush	D
(577)	Rare winter visifor. Recently recorded: below Kurseong. 2900 Darjeeling, 7200 ft., 4/4/43 and 11/12/44. TURDUS RUFICOLLIS	
(377)	The Red-throated Thrush Winter visitor at all elevations. Common locally	D
(578)	TURDUS ATROGULARIS  The Black-throated Thrush Winter visitor at all clevations. Common.	D
(579)	TURDUS UNICOLOR  The Grey Thrush  Very rare winter visitor. Above Gopaldara, 6000 ft., 4/11/19 & 9/	D
(584)	Mongpu at 600 ft.  GEOKICHLA WARDII  The Pied Ground-Thrush	
	Very rare. Possibly breeds from 4000-6000 ft. Recorded: Mongpu 1920 & July 1927; Rumbi, 4500 ft., April 1927; Namring, 3500 ft	, 4000 ft., April , 16/4/42.
(587)	GEOKICHLA CITRINA CITRINA  The Northern Orange-headed Ground-Thrush Resident up to 5300 ft. Not uncommon.	
(595)	OREOCINCLA DAUMA DAUMA  The Himalayan Small-billed Mountain-Thrush Winter visitor at all elevations. Not common.	D
(599)	OREOCINCLA MOLLISSIMA MOLLISSIMA  The Sikkim Plain-backed Mountain-Thrush Winter visitor down to 4500 ft. Not common.	D
(603)	ZOOTHERA MONTICOLA  The Large Brown Thrush Probably breeds from about 5000 ft. upwards. Some birds lower in	D winter.
(604)	ZOOTHERA MARGINATA  The Lesser Brown Thrush  Breeds up to 6000 ft. at least. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	
(605)	MONTICOLA RUFIVENTRIS  The Chestnut-bellied Rock-Thrush  Breeds from 5000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	D
(606)	MONTICOLA CINCLORHYNCHA  The Blue-headed Rock-Thrush  Breeds from 2500 ft. upwards. Most birds are summer visitors only.	D  Not uncommon.
(608)	MONTICOLA SOLITARIA PANDOO  The Indian Blue Rock-Thrush Winter visitor from 3500 ft. downwards. Not uncommon	
(609)	MONTICOLA SOLITARIA AFFINIS  The Burmese Blue Rock-Thrush Once recorded: Mangpu, 2500 ft., Jan. 1919.	
(614)	MYOPHONUS COERULEUS TEMMINCKII  The Himalayan Whistling-Thrush  Resident at all elevations. Very common.	D
(617)	COCHOA PURPUREA  The Purple Thrush  Very rare. Recorded from Mongpu, 5000 ft., May 1920; Rangiroon	D , 6300 ft., July
(625)	1932; Namring, 3500 ft., June 1934.  PURNELLA IMMACULATA  The Maroon-backed Accentor  Rare and irregular winter visitor down to 7000 ft.	D

(632)	HEMICHELIDON SIBIRICA FULGINOSA  The Nepal Sooty Flycatcher  Breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	D
(635)	HEMICHELIDON FERRUGINEA	D
(1.00)	The Ferruginous Flycatcher	D
	Breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Rather rare.	•
(636)	SIPHIA STROPHIATA STROPHIATA	D
, ,	The Himalayan Orange-gorgeted Flycatcher	• •
	Winter visitor down to 1200 ft. Possibly breeds on Senchal. Not comm	on.
(639)	SIPHIA PARVA ALBICILLA	D
`•	The Eastern Red-breasted Flycatcher	
	Passage migrant to the foothills. Common.	
(642)	MUSCICAPULA HODGSONII	
•	The Rusty-breasted Flycatcher	
	Passage migrant rare.	
(643)	MUSCICAPULA HYPERYTHRA HYPERYTHRA	D
	The Indian Rufous breasted Blue Flycatcher	
	Breeds from 4000-8000 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	
(645)	MUSCICAPULA TRICOLOR TRICOLOR	
	The Western Slaty-Blue Flycatcher	
	Breeds from about 4000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not common.	
<b>(648</b> )	MUSCICAPULA SUPERCILIARIS AESTIGMA	
	The Little Blue and White Flycatcher	
	Breeds from 4600-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common.	
(649)	MUSCICAPULA MELANOLEUCA MELANOLEUCA	D
	The Indian Little Pied Flycatcher	
	Breeds from 4600-7000 ft. Rare.	
(651)	MUSCICAPULA SAPPHIRA The Sabbling handed Fluggtober	
	The Sapphire-headed Flycatcher  Probably breeds from 2500 7000 ft. Lower in winter. Pare	
(5.50)	Probably breeds from 3500-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.	
(652)	MUSCICAPULA VIVIDA OATESI The Putous hellied Rhye Flucatcher	
	The Rufous-bellied Blue Flycatcher Once recorded: Rambi 7000 ft. Dec. 1931.	
(CE7)	MUSCICAPULA RUBECULOIDES RUBECULOIDES	
(657)	The Indian Blue-throated Flycatcher	
	Breeds up to 4000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	
(664)	MUSCICAPULA HODGSONI	
(004)	The Pigmy Blue Flycatcher	
	Very rare. Recorded near Riyang, 1500 ft., Jan. 1920; near Mong	ou. 5500 ft.,
	March 1927.	
(665)	EUMYIAS THALLASSINA THALLASSINA	D
,	The Common Verditer Flycatcher	
	Breeds from 4000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common.	
(669)	ANTHIPES MONILEGER MONILEGER	D
` ,	The Sikkim White-gorgeted Flycatcher	
	Probably breeds from about 5000-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.	
(673)	OLCYORNIS OLIVACEUS POLIOGENYS	
	The Sikkim Olive Flycatcher	
	Resident up to 3000 ft. Not common.	
(677)	ALSEONAX MUTTUI MUTTUI	
	The Indian Ruddy-brown Flycatcher	
	Once recorded. Mongpu, 3800 ft., Sept. 1931.	_
<b>(679</b> )	CULICICAPA CEYLONENSIS CEYLONENSIS	D
	The Ceylon Grey-headed Flycatcher	
	Resident at all elevations up to 7000 ft. Common.	D .
(682)	NILTAVA GRANDIS GRANDIS	D
	The Large Sikkim Niltava  Resident from 2000 ft, upwards Not uncommon	
	Resident from 3000 ft. upwards. Not uncommon.	

(684)	NILTAVA SUNDARA SUNDARA  The Nepal Beautiful Niltava  Resident from 2000-7000 ft. Not uncommon.	D
(685)	NILTAVA MACRIGORIAE  The Small Niltava  Breeds from 4000-6000 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon	
(689a)	TCHITREA AFFINIS SATURIATOR  The Duars Paradise Flycatcher Once recorded from our area. Mongpu, 3000 ft., Aug. 1980.	
(693)	HYPOTHYMIS AZUREA STYANI  The Northern Indian Black-naped Flycatcher  Probably breeds up to 4000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.	•
(699)	CHELIDORHYNX HYPOXANTHUM  The Yellow-bellied Flycatcher  Breeds from 6500 ft. upwards. Lower in winter.	D
(703)	LEUCOCERCA ALBICOLLIS ALBICOLLIS  The Indian White-throated Fantail Flycatcher Resident up to 6500 ft. Common.	D
(712)	LANIUS NIGRICEPS NIGRICEPS  The Indian Black-headed Shrike  Breeds from 3500-6000 ft. Lower in winter. Common	
(716)	LANIUS SCHACH TEPHRONOTUS  The Northern Grey-backed Shrike  Passage migrant and winter visitor from 4000 ft. downwards Comm	D ion.
(719)	LANIUS CRISTATUS CRISTATUS  The Brown Shrike  Passage migrant and winter visitor below 3500 ft. Common	
(725)	HEMIPUS PICATUS CAPITALIS  The Brown-backed Pied Shrike  Breeds up to 5000 ft. Lower in winter. Common	
(727)	TEPHRODORNIS GULARIS GULARIS  The Nepal Wood-Shrike  Breeds up to 4000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	
(733)	PERICROCOTUS FLAMMEUS SPECIOSUS  The Indian Scarlet Minivet  Breeds up to 7000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	D
(739)	PERICROCOTUS BREVIROSTRIS AFFINIS  The Assam Short-billed Minivet  Breeds from 2000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common	D
(742)	PERICROCOTUS SOLARIS SOLARIS  The Yellow-throated Minivet  Probably breeds from 2000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Rare	D
(753)	LALAGE MELASCHISTA MELASCHISTA  The Dark Grey Cuckoo-Shrike  Summer visitor breeding up to 7200 ft. Common.	D
(759)	GRAUCALUS MACEI NIPALENSIS  The Himalayan Large Cuckoo-Shrike  Breeds up to about 5000 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon local	D lv
(763)	ARTAMUS FUSCUS  The Ashy Swallow-Shrike Summer visitor breeding up to 5600 ft. Common.	
(767)	DICRURUS MACROCERCUS ALBIRICTUS  The Himalayan Black Drongo  Status uncertain. Recorded twice from Glenburn, 3000 ft., 10/10/3  25/3/31. Probably a few birds straggle up the Tista and Run  breed. Ensity overlooked.	0 and 3000 ft. ngeet valleys to

(774)	DICRURUS LEUCOPHAEUS STEVENSI  The Himalayan Grey Drongo Resident at all elevations. Very common.	D
(780)		
(782)	CHIBIA HOTTENTOTIA HOTTENTOTTA  The Indian Hair-crested Drongo  Breeds up to 4000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	
(786)	BIIRINGA REMIFER TECTITOSTRIS  The Indian Lesser Rucket-tailed Drongo Resident chiefly below 2000 ft. Recorded occasionally up to 500	00 ft. Not common
(789)	DISSEMURUS PARADISEUS GRANDIS  The Assam Large Racket-tailed Drongo Resident up to 2000 ft. Occasionally straggles up to 5000 ft. N	
(799)	ACROCEPHALUS DUMETORUM  The Small Olive Reed-Warbler  Once recorded. Mongpu, 4000 ft., April 1927.	
(810)	TRIBURA THORACICA THORACICA  The Spotted Bush-Warbler  Very little is known about this bird in our area: recorded at June 1875.	Rungbee, 5000 ft
(811)	TRIBURA LUTEOVENTRIS  The Brown Bush-Warbler  Apparently breeds round about 9000 ft. Some birds lower in wi	inter.
(814)	ORTHOTOMUS SUTORIUS PATIA  The Burmese Tailor-Bird  Resident up to about 6000 ft. Common.	
(828)	FRANKLINIA RUFESCENS RUFESCENS  Beavan's Wren-Warbler Twice recorded: Mongpu, 3800 ft., June 1920, July 1925.	
(852)	PHYLLOSCOPUS AFFINIS  The Yellow-bellied or Tickell's Willow-Warbler  Passage migrant. Not common.	
(859)	PHYLLOSCOPUS FULIGIVENTER  The Smoky Willow-Warbler  Once recorded: Tista Bridge. 900 (t., 28/12/25.	
(863)	PHYLLOSCOPUS MACULIPENNIS MACULIPENNIS  The Grey-faced Willow-Warbler  Probably only winter visitor to our area down to 3700 ft. Not u	D ncommon.
(864)	PHYLLOSCOPUS PULCHER PULCHER  The Nepal Orange-barred Willow-Warbler  Probably breeds from 5000 ft. upwards, Lower in winter. Not a	D incommon.
(866)	PHYLLOSCOPUS PROREGULUS CHLORONOTUS  The Sikkim Yellow-rumped Willow-Warbler  Probably breeds from 5000 ft. upwards. Fairly common.	
(871)	PHYLLOSCOPUS INORNATUS HUMEI  The Indian Pale-breasted Willow-Warbler  Winter visitor from 5000 ft. downwards. Not uncommon.	D
(875)	PHYLLOSCOPUS TROCHILOIDES VIRIDANUS  The Greenish Willow-Warbler  Once recorded: Mongpu, 4000 ft., April 1927.	
(878)	PHYLLOSCOPUS MAGNIROSTRIS  The Large Willow-Warbler  Twice recorded: Mongpu, 3800 ft., Aug. 1923; Senchal, 7500 ft.,	
(883)	PHYLLOSCOPUS REGULOIDES REGULOIDES  The Himalayan Crowned Willow-Warbler  Probably breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in wnter. Not	D

(884)	Hartert's Willow-Warbler	
	Once recorded from our area. Rangiroon Aug. 1932.	
(888)	SEICERCUS AFFINIS The Allied Flycatcher-Warbler Resident up to 6300 ft. Common.	
(889)	SEICERCUS BURKII BURKII The Sikkim Black-browed Flycatcher-Warbler Probably breeds from 4500 ft. upwards. Lower in wnter. Common.	
(891)	SEICERCUS XANTHOSCHISTOS XANTHOSCHISTOS  The Eastern Grey-headed Flycatcher-Warbler Resident up to 6300 ft. Common.	
(893)	SEICERCUS POLIOGENYS  The Grey-cheeked Flycatcher-Warbler Resident from 4700 ft. upwards. Not uncommon.	
(894)	SEICERCUS CASTANICEPS CASTANICEPS  The Nepal Chestnut-headed Flycatcher-Warbler Resident up to 7500 ft. Common.	D
(895)	PHYLLOSCOPUS CANTATOR  The Yellow-headed Willow-Warbler  Resident up to 3500 ft. Local. Not common.	
(897)	ABROSCOPUS SUPERCILIARIS FLAVIVENTRIS  Tenasserim Yellow-bellied Flycatcher-Warbler  Breeds up to 3300 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	
(899)	ABROSCOPUS SCHISTICEPS SCHISTICEPS  The Nepal Black-faced Flycatcher-Warbler  Probably resident only between 5000 and 7000 ft. Very local. Not com-	non
(902)	ABROSCOPUS ALBOGULARIS ALBOGULARIS The Nepal White-throated Flycatcher-Warbler	
(00.1)	Resident up to 2500 ft. Not common.	
(904)	TICKELLIA HODGSONI  The Broad-billed Flycatcher-Warbler  Probably resident from about 3800 ft. upwards. Not common.	
(906)	NEORNIS FLAVOLIVACEUS FLAVOLIVACEUS  The Nepal Aberrant Warbler  Probably breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Rare.	D
(910)	HOMOCHLAMYS FORTIPES FORTIPES The Sikkim Strong-footed Bush-Warbler	D
(913)	Breeds from 5000 ft. upwards. Some birds lower in winter. Common. HOMOCHLAMYS PALLIDIPES PALLIDIPES  The Sikkim White-flanked Bush-Warbler Resident from 3000 ft. upwards. Not common.	
(917)	HOREITES BRUNNIFRONS BRUNNIFRONS The Nepal Rufous-capped Bush-Warbler	
(922)	Winter visitor down to 3600 ft. Not uncommon.  PHYLLERGATES CORONATUS CORONATUS  The Golden-headed Warbler  Recorded from Mongpu, 6200 ft., Sept. 1923; 4500 ft., Nov. 1932; Sure	.÷1 5900 f•
	Nov. 1925. Rare straggler.	:11, <i>3</i> 200 10
(923)	SUYA CRINIGER CRINIGER  The Nepal Brown Hill-Warbler	D
4000	Resident from 2000-4000 ft. Very common locally. SUYA ATROGULARIS ATROGULARIS	D
(928)	The Sikkim Black-throated Hill-Warbler Resident from 4000 ft. upwards. Very common locally.	D
(945a)	REGULUS REGULUS SIKKIMENSIS	D
, ,	The Sikkim Goldcrest	
	Winter visitor down to 7000 ft. Not common.	

(949a)	CEPHALOPYRUS FLAMMICEPS SATURATUS  The Sikkim Fire-capped Tit-Warbler  Probably breeds round about 4000 ft. Lower in winter. Rate.
(950)	IRENA PUELLA PUELLA The Sikkim Fairy Blue-bird Resident in the Tista Valley below 800 ft. Not uncommon
(955)	ORIOLUS CHINENSIS TENUIROSTRIS  The Burmese Black-naped Oriole  Rare straggler from the Plains. Once recorded. Glenburn, 3000 fc., 19,1/32
(958)	ORIOLUS XANTHORNUS XANTHORNUS  The Indian Black-headed Oriole  Rare straggler from the Plains. Once recorded: Namring, 3500 ft., 48/10/84
(961)	ORIOLUS TRAILLII TRAILLII  The Indian Maroon Oriole  Resident up to 7000 ft. Common.
(964)	GRACULA RELIGIOSA INTERMEDIA  The Indian Grackle  Common resident below 2500 It.
(9 <b>70</b> )	SARAGLOSSA SPILOPTERA ASSAMENSIS  The Assam Spotted-wing Stare  Breeds up to 3800 ft. Lower in winter. Raie.
(982)	STURNIA MALABARICA MALABARICA  The Indian Grey-headed Myna  Breeds up to 4500 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.
(996)	ACRIDOTHERES TRISTIS TRISTIS  The Common Indian Myna  Resident at all elevations. Very common.
(998)	ACRIDOTHERES GINGINIANUS  The Bank Myna  Once recorded as a straggler from the Plains: Glenburn, 3000 (t., 11/5/31).
(1024)	UROLONCHA STRIATA ACUTICAUDA  The Himalayan White-backed or Hodgson's Munia  Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.
(1031)	UROLONCHA PUNCTULATA PUNCTULATA D  The Indian Spotted Munia Resident up to 5000 ft., straggles up to 7000 ft. Common locally.
(1040)	PERISSOSPIZA AFFINIS  The Allied Grosbeak  Rare winter visitor. Twice recorded in Darjeeling; Jan. 1925 & May 1928.
(1042)	• • • •
(1044)	PYRRHULA ERYTHROCEPHALA  The Red-headed Bullfinch  Uncommon winter visitor down to about 6000 ft.
(1045)	PYRRHULA ERYTHACA ERYTHACA D Beavan's Bullfinch Very rare straggler from S. E. Tibet to our area. Recorded: Jorebungalow 7400 fin 1874; then Phalut, 10,000 ft. (out of our area) 9/1/26 and Darjeeling 6900 ft 1/3/43.
(1047)	PYRRHULA NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS  The Nepal Brown Bullfinch  Probably breeds from 5200 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. down to 2000 ft. No., common.
(1049)	PYRRHOPLECTES EPAULETTA  The Gold-headed Black Finch  Rare winter visitor down to about 4600 ft.

(1050)	LOXIA CURVIROSTRA HIMALAYANA  The Himalayan Crossbill  Very rare straggler in winter. Recorded Turzum, 5200 ft., 28/12/26 and	12/2/17.
(1051)		, ,
(1069)	CARPODACUS ERYTHRINUS ROSEATUS The Indian Common or Hodgson's Rose-Finch Passage migrant. Not uncommon.	D
(1076)	PROCARDUELIS NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS  The Nepal Dark Rose-Finch Winter visitor down to 4500 ft. Not common.	D
(1078)	PROCARDUELIS RUBESCENS RUBESCENS  Blanford's Rose-Finch  Winter visitor down to 4500 ft. Rare.	
(1089)	HYPACANTHIS SPINOIDES SPINOIDES  The Himalayan Greenfinch  Breeds above 6000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	D
(1096)	PASSER DOMESTICUS INDICUS The Indian House-Sparrow Resident up to 4500 ft. Very local.	
(1102)	PASSER MONTANUS MALACCENSIS  The Malay, Tree-Sparrow  Resident at all elevations. Very common.	D
(1105)	PASSER RUTILANS CINNAMOMEUS  The Bhutan Cinnamon Tree-Sparrow  Probably passage migrant only. Rare.	
(1115)	FRINGILAUDA NEMORICOLA NEMORICOLA  The Nepal or Hodgson's Mountain-Finch Winter visitor down to 5200 ft. Not uncommon.	D
(1122)	EMBERIZA PUSILLA  The Little Bunting  Passage migrant. Not common.	D
(1131)	EMBERIZA AUREOLA The Yellow-breasted Bunting Passage migrant. Rare.	D
(1139)	MELOPHUS LATHAMI SUBCRISTATA  The Crested Bunting Summer visitor only from 2000-6000 ft.	
(1144)	DELICHON NIPALENSIS  The Nepal or Hodgson's House Martin  Breeds from 3000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common locally.	
(1148)	RIPARIA PALUDICOLA BREVICAUDATA  The Indian Sand Martin  Only recorded from Riyang in our area, where it breeds.	
(1149)	KREMNOCHELIDON RUPESTRIS  The Crag-Martin Passage migrant: winter visitor below 4000 ft. Common.	
(1152)	HIRUNDO RUSTICA RUSTICA The Common Swallow Passage migrant. Rare.	
(1153)	HIRUNDO RUSTICA GUTTURALIS  The Eastern Swallow  Breeds from 3000-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Very common.	
(1161)	HIRUNDO DAURICA NIPALENSIS  The Himalayan or Hodgson's Striated Swallow  Breeds up to 7000 ft. Lower in winter. Very common.	D

(1166)	MOTACILLA ALBA DUKHUNENSIS The Indian White Wagtail Passage migrant. Not common.	
(1171)	MOTACILLA ALBOIDES Hodgson's Pied Wagtail Passage migrant. Rare.	D
(1172)	MOTACILLA MADERASPATENSIS  The Large Pied Wagtail  Resident in the Tista Valley up to 1200 ft. Very local	
(1173)	MOTOCILLA LEUCOPSIS  The White-faced Wagtail Passage migrant. Rare Namring, 4000 ft., 29/9/44.	D
(1174)	MOTACILLA CINEREA CASPICA  The Eastern Grey Wagtail  Not uncommon. Winter visitor and passage migrant; possibly be 6500 ft.	D reeds sparingly above
(1181)	MOTACILLA CITREOLA CITREOLA  The Yellow-headed Wagtail Rare passage migrant. Recorded Namring; 3500 ft., 21/9-37.	
(1182)	MOTACILLA CITREOLA CALCARATA  The Indian or Hodgson's Yellow-headed Wagtail Rare passage migrant. Labda, 3200 ft., Sept. 1919; 2850 ft., Se	ept. 1920.
(1183)	DENDRONANTHUS INDICUS  The Forest Wagtail Passage migrant. Rather rare.	
(1186)	ANTHUS HODGSONI HODGSONI  The Indian Tree-Pipit  Resident from 6000 ft. upwards and common winter visitor belo	D ow 4500 ft
(1193)	ANTHUS RICHARDI RICHARDI The Siberian Long-clawed or Richard's Pipit Rare passage migrant. Namring, 4000 ft., 28/9/35; Poomong. 4	
(1194)	ANTHUS CAMPESTRIS THERMOPHILUS  The Daurian or Blyth's Pipit  Passage migrant. Not common.	D
(1200)	ANTHUS ROSEATUS  The Vinous-breasted or Hodgson's Pipit  Should occur in our area as passage migrant. Common in N. Si the Plains in winter.	kkim in summer and
(1204)	OREOCORYS SYLVANUS  The Upland Pipit Only twice recorded: Mungpu, 3500 ft., Aug. 1923; Namrin Probably rare resident from this elevation upwards.	eg, 3600 ft., 4/7/44.
(1221)	CALANDRELLA BRACHYDACTYLA LONGIPENNIS  The Yarkand Short-toed Lark Once recorded: Namring, 4000 ft., 10/10/37. Passage migrant.	
(1248)	ZOSTEROPS PALPEBROSA  The Northern White-Eye Resident up to 7500 ft. Common.	
(1262)	AETHOPYGA SIPARAJA SCHERIAE  The Indian Yellow-backed Sunbird  Resident up to 4000 ft. Not common.	
(1266)	AETHOPYGA IGNICAUDA IGNICAUDA  The Nepal Fire-tailed Sunbird  Resident from 2000 ft. upwards. Not common.	D
(1269)	AETHOPYGA GOULDIAE GOULDIAE  The Simla or Mrs. Gould's Yellow-backed Sunbird  Resident from about 4000 ft. upwards. Rare.	D

(1272)	AETHOPYGA SATURATA SATURATA  The Nepal Black-breasted Sunbird  Probably breeds chiefly between 3000 and 7000 ft. Some birds lower Uncommon.	D in winter,
(1274)	AETHOPYGA NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS  The Nepal Yellow-backed Sunbird Resident chiefly from 4000 ft. upwards. Occasionally down to 2000	D ft. Fairly
(1293)	common.  ARACHNOTHERA MAGNA MAGNA  The Indian Streaked Spider-Hunter  Resident up to 6000 ft. Fairly common.	
(1296)	ARACHNOTHERA LONGIROSTRA LONGIROSTRA  The Indian Little Spider-Hunter Apparently very local. Recorded from Darjeeling, 6700 ft. in February.	D
(1301)	DICAEUM CHRYSORRHEUM INTENSUM  The Sikkim Yellow-vented Flower-Pecker  Straggles up to 2500 ft. from the Plains. Rare in our area.	
(1303)	DICAEUM IGNIPECTUM IGNIPECTUM  The Nepal Fire-breasted Flower-Pecker  Resident from 3500 ft. upwards. Not uncommon.	D
(1306)	DICAEUM CONCOLOR OLIVACEUM  The Burmese Plain-colored Flower-Pecker  Once recorded from our area: Singla, 1000 ft., June 1930.	
(1315)	PACHYGLOSSA MELANOXANTHA  The Yellow-bellied Flower-Pecker  Twice recorded: Sonada, 6500 ft., May 1920 and March 1921.	
(1317)	PITTA NEPALENSIS  The Blue-naped Pitta  Resident up to 5200 ft. Not common.	
(1323)	PITTA BRACHYURA  The Indian Pitta  Recorded once from Rangit Valley on 11/6/19. Very rare.	
(1325)	PITTA CUCULLATA CUCULLATA  The Green-breasted Pitta  Once recorded: Namring, 3500 ft., 23-5-35. Probably straggler from the f	oothills.
(1335)	PSARISOMUS DALHOUSIAE  The Long-tailed Broadbill  Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	
(1344)	PICUS CANUS GYLDENSTOLPEI  The Assam Black-naped Woodpecker  Resident up to about 5500 ft. Not uncommon.	D
(1346)	PICUS CHLOROLOPHUS CHLOROLOPHUS  The Eastern Himalayan Small Yellow-naped Woodpecker  Resident up to 5000 ft. Common.	
(1353)	CHRYSOPHLEGMA FLAVINUCHA FLAVINUCHA  The Large Yellow-naped Woodpecker  Resident up to 6500 ft. Common.	
(1356)	GECINULUS GRANTIA GRANTIA  The Assam Pale-headed Woodpecker Resident up to 3500 ft. Locally common.	
(1358)	HYPOPICUS HYPERYTHRUS SIKKIMENSIS  The Eastern Rufous-bellied Woodpecker  Rare-probably resident down to 7000 ft.	D
(1364)	DRYOBATES DARJELLENSIS  The Darjeeling Pied Woodpecker  Breeds from 7300 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	
(1365)	DRYOBATES CATHPHARIUS CATHPHARIUS  The Himalayan Lesser Pied Woodpecker  Breeds from 4500-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.	D

(1368)	DRYOBATES MACEI The Fulvous-breasted Pied Woodpecker	D
(1376)	Resident up to 4000 ft. Common.  YUNGIPICUS NANUS SEMICORONATUS  The Darjeeling Pigmy Woodpecker  Breeds up to 4500 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	
(1883)	BLYTHIPICUS PYRRHOTIS PYRRHOTIS  The Red-eared Bay Woodpecker  Breeds from 3800-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.	
(1389)	MICROPTERNUS BRACHYURUS PHAIOCEPS  The Northern Rufous Woodpecker  Resident up to 4000 ft. Locally common.	
(1404)	CHRYSOCOLAPTES GUTTACRISTATUS GUTTACRISTATUS  The Bengal Larger or Tickell's Golden-backed Woodf  Resident up to 3500 ft. Locally common.	s pecker
(1416)	VIVIA INNOMINATUS INNOMINATUS  The Himalayan Speckled Piculet  Resident up to about 5000 ft. Common.	
(1419)	SASIA OCHRACEA OCHRACEA  The Indian Rufous Piculet Resident up to 6000 ft. Fairly common.	
(1424)	IYNX TORQUILLA JAPONICA  The Japanese Wryneck  Twic's recorded: Gopaldara, 4200 ft., Dec. 1911. Pumong, 4000  passage migrant.	) ft., 2/10/44. Rare
(1427)	MEGALAIMA VIRENS MARSHALLORUM  The Himalayan Great Barbet Resident from 2000-7000 ft. Common.	D
(1432)	THEREICERYX LINEATUS HODGSONII  The Assam Lineated Barbet Once recorded from our area: Kurseong, 4500 ft., Dec. 1911.	
(1436)	CYANOPS ASIATICA ASIATICA  The Bengal Blue-throated Barbet Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	
(1441)	CYANOPS DUVAUCELI CYANOTIS  The Indian Blue-eared Barbet Once recorded from our area: Birik, 600 ft., Nov. 1926.	
(1444)	CYANOPS FRANKLINII FRANKLINII  The Indian Golden- throated Barbet  Resident from about 4000 ft. upwards. Common.	D
(1452)	CUCULUS CANORUS TELEPHONUS  The Asiatic Cuckoo  Summer visitor, breeding from 3500 ft. upwards. Common.	D
(1454)	CUCULUS OPTATUS  The Himalayan Cuckoo  Breeds from about 4000-7000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.	D
(1455)	CUCULUS POLIOCEPHALUS POLIOCEPHALUS The Small Cuckoo	D
(1456)	Summer visitor, breeding from 4500 ft. upwards.  CUCULUS MICROPTERUS MICROPTERUS  The Indian Cuckoo  Recede and to 5000 ft. Lewes in wints. Common	
(1457)	Breeds up to 5000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.  HIEROCOCCYX SPARVEROIDES  The Large Hawk-Cuckoo  Resident from 3500-6500 ft. Common.	D
(1460)	HIEROCOCOCCYX FUGAX NISICOLOR  The Nepal or Hodgson's Hawk-Cuckoo  Recorded three times from our area: Darjeeling, 7000 ft., As	D ug. 1904; Mongpu.
	4500 ft May 1920; Kurseong, 4500 ft., Jan. 1944.	

- (1462) CACOMANTIS MERULINUS PASSERINUS

  The Indian Plaintive Cuckoo

  Breeds up to about 5000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.
- (1464) PENTHOCERYX SONNERATH SONNERATH The Indian Banded Bay Cuckoo Once recorded: above Riyang, 2000 ft., March 1920.
- (1468) CHALCITES MACULATUS MACULATUS

  The Emerald Cuckoo
  Probably breeds from 3000-6000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.
- (1470) SURNICULUS LUGUBRIS DICRUROIDES
  The Indian Drongo-Cuckoo
  Probably breeds up to about 5000 ft. To foothills in winter. Common.
- (1474) CLAMATOR COROMANDUS

  The Red-winged Crested Cuckoo

  Resident up to 3800 ft. Not uncommon locally.
- (1479) RHOPODYTES TRISTIS TRISTIS

  The Himalayan Large Green-billed Malkoha
  Resident up to 5500 ft. Locally common.
- (1495) CENTROPUS BENGALENSIS BENGALENSIS

  The Common Lesser Crow-Pheasant
  Resident up to about 3500 ft. Rare and very local.
- (1504) PSITTACULA HIMALAYANA HIMALAYANA

  The Himalayan Slaty-headed Paroquet

  Breeds up to about 7000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common.
- (1508) PSITTACULA ALEXANDRII FASCIATUS

  The Indian Red-breasted Paroquet

  Probably only breeds below 2000 ft. Wanders higher in winter, up to 4000 ft.
- (1519) CORACIAS BENGHALENSIS AFFINIS

  The Burmese Roller

  A straggler from the Plains as far up the Tista as Rungpo also recorded 8 times from Namring; 19/4/35; 19/5/36; 11/9/39.
- (1520) EURYSTOMUS ORIENTALIS ORIENTALIS

  The Broad-billed Roller

  Resident up to 3000 ft. Local: not common.
- (1528) MELITTOPHAGUS ERYTHROCEPHALUS ERYTHROCEPHALUS The Chestnut-headed Bee-eater Only recorded from Riyang, 700 ft., where it is resident.
- (1529) ALCEMEROPS ATHERTONI

  The Blue-bearded Bee-eater

  Resident up to 3500 ft. Very local. Rare.
- (1532) CERYLE LUGUBRIS GUTTULATA

  The Himalayan Great Pied Kingfisher
  Resident up to about 5000 ft. Not uncommon.
- (1533) ALCEDO ATTHIS BENGALENSIS

  The Common Indian Kingfisher
  Resident up to 3500 ft. Not common.
- (1544) CEYX ERITHACA ERITHACA
  The Indian Three-toed Kingfisher
  Rare striggler. Twice recorded: Mongpu, 3600 ft., Sept. 1913; Singla, 900 ft.,
  June 1930.
- (1548) RAMPHALCYON CAPENSIS GURIAL.

  The Brown-headed Stork-billed Kingfisher
  Occasional straggler from the Plains up to about 3500 ft.
- (1551) HALCYON SMYRNENSIS FUSCA
  The Indian White-breasted Kingfisher
  Resident up to 3000 ft. Very local.
- (1555) ENTOMOTHERA COROMANDA COROMANDA

  The Indian Ruddy Kingfisher

  Twice recorded: Singla, 1000 ft., June 1930; Namring, 3500 ft., 4/8/34.

(1563)	DICHOCEROS BICORNIS BICORNIS  The Indian Great Hornbill Resident up to 2500 ft. Not uncommon.	
(1565)		
(1580)		D
(1586)	HARPACTES ERYTHROCEPHALUS ERYTHOCEPHALUS The Burmese Red-headed Trogon	D
(1589)	Resident up to 3000 ft. Common. Has straggled as high as Birch H MICROPUS MELBA MELBA  The Alpine Swift Once recorded: Darjeeling (near Museum).	ill; Aug. 1934 D
(1593)		
(1598)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	р ,
(1602)	CYPSIURUS BATASIENSIS INFUMATUS The Eastern Palm-Swift	
(1603)	Only recorded from Glenburn, 3000 ft., and Takvai T. F. (2200 ft.) HIRUNDAPUS CAUDACUTUS NUDIPES The Indian White-throated Spinetail Occurs not uncommonly from 3000-6000 ft. during the summer monhaunts unknown.	
(1609)	COLLOCALIA FUCIPHAGA BREVIROSTRIS  The Himalayan Plain-rumped Swiftlet Resident at all elevations. Common locally. Breeding haunts unknown	D
(1624)	CAPRIMULGUS MACROURUS HODGSONI  The Nepal Long-tailed Nightjar  Resident up to about 3800 ft. Very rare and local.	
(1626)	CAPRIMULGUS INDICUS JOTAKA  The Japanese Jungle Nightjar  Breeds up to 8000 ft. Probably lower in winter. Not common	
(1636a)	TYTO ALBA STERTENS  The Indian Barn-Owl Once recorded: Darjecting, 7000 ft., July 1933.	D
(1640)	PHODILUS BADIUS SATURATUS  The Northern Bay Owl  Resident up to about 2500 ft. Rare.	
(1642)	ASIO OTUS OTUS  The Long-eared Owl Once recorded: Thurbo, 5200 ft., 7, 3, 36. Rare passage migrant.	
(1643)	ASIO FLAMMEUS FLAMMEUS  The Short-eared Owl Once recorded: Rangli Rangliot, 4500 It., 27/11/38. Rate passage n	nigrant.
(1645)	STRIX NIVICOLA  The Himalayan Wood-Owl Resident from 7000 ft. upwards. Rate.	D
(1647)	STRIX INDRANEE NEWARENSIS  The Himalayan Brown Wood-Owl  Resident at all elevations. Not uncommon.	D
(1657)	KETUPA FLAVIPES  The Tawny Fish-Owl  Twice recorded: Singla, 900 (t., Oct. 1931 and July 1936.	

(1663)	HUHUA NIPALENSIS  The Forest Eagle-Owl Resident up to 7000 ft. Not common.	D
(1671)		
(1672)		
(1690)	_	D
(1697)		
(1698)	NINOX SCUTULATA LUGUBRIS  The Indian Brown Hawk-Owl  Probably resident up to about 3000 ft. Twice recorded: Labda, 2900 ft.,  Singla, 900 ft., July 1930.	Aug. 1926;
(1704)	PANDION HALIAETUS The European Osprey	
(1705)	Winter visitor to Tista River as far up as Riyang. Observed as late as May AEGYPIUS MONACHUS  The Cinereous Vulture Casual visitor to our area down to 3500 ft.	22nd. D
(1706)	CAD COONE CAINES	D
(1709)	GYPS HIMALAYENSIS  The Himalayan Griffon Vulture  Probably breeding above 8000 ft. Casual visitor.	D
(1713)	PSEUDOGYPS BENGALENSIS  The Indian White-backed Vulture  Casual visitor from the Plains at all elevations.	D
(1716)	GYPAETUS BARBATUS HEMACHALANUS  The Himalayan Bearded Vulture or Laminergeyer  Casual visitor from the higher mountains down to about 4000 ft.	D
(1718)	THE GO PERSON OF THE WAY	D ·
(1725)	FALCO SUBBUTEO CENTRALASIAE  The Central Asian Hobby  Passage migrant and rare winter visitor.	
(1729)	FALCO SEVERUS RUFIPEDOIDES  The Indian Hobby Probably breeds from 2500-6500 ft. To plains in winter. Rare.	
(1734)	MICROHIERAX COERULESCENS COERULESCENS  The Himalayan Red-legged Falconet  Resident up to 4000 ft. Straggles higher. Not common.	
(1739)	ERYTHROPUS AMURENSIS  The Eastern Red-legged Falcon Once recorded: Mongpu, 3860 ft., Oct. 1918.	
(1740)	CERCHNEIS TINNUNCULUS TINNUNCULUS  The European Kestrel Resident from 3000 ft. upwards. Locally common.	
(1741)	CERCHNEIS TINNUNCULUS INTERSTINCTUS  The Himalayan Kestrel  Passage migrant and winter visitor.	

(1748)	AQUILA NIPALENSIS NIPALENSIS  The Eastern Steppe Eagle	
	Passage migrant and winter visitor. Local.	
(1753)		
	Regular but rare passage migrant and winter visitor. Local.	
(1754)		I
` ,	The Himalayan Rufous-bellied Hawk-Eagle	•
	Resident up to 5000 ft. Rare.	
(1755)		
(1100)	The Indian Black Eagle	1
	Resident up to 6500 ft. Fairly common.	
(1758)	The state of the s	
(1730)	The Changeable Hawk-Eagle	
	Once recorded: Soom, Aug. 1926. A straggler from the Plains.	
(1760)		_
(1760)	Hodgson's or the Nepal Feather-toed Hawk-Eagle.	ı
	Resident from 2000 ft. upwards. Common.	
/176E\		
(1765)		
	The Northern Indian Crested Serpent-Eagle.	
(1774)	Resident at all elevations up to 7000 ft. Common.	
(1774)		
	The White-eyed Buzzard-Eagle	1001
(1770)	A straggler from the Plains. Once recorded: Mongpu, 3800 (t., Feb.	1921.
(1779)	HALIAETUS LEUCORYPHUS The White hellied on Ballac's Fishing Faule	
	The White-bellied or Pallas's Fishing-Eagle.	
/17095	Occasional visitor to the hills in summer.	
(1783)		
	The Himalayan Grey-headed Fishing-Eagle. Occurs on the Tista River. Not common.	
(1794)		
(1784)		
	The Indian Brahminy Kite.  Ascends the hills up to 7000 ft., chiefly as a summer visitor.	
(1727)	MILVUS MIGRANS GOVINDA	J.
(*****)	The Common Pariah Kite.	•
	Resident up to about 8000 ft. Common locally.	
(1788)	MILVUS MIGRANS LINEATUS	I
(/	The Black-eared or Large Indian Kite.	_
	Resident from 2000 ft. upwards. Common.	
(1789)	ELANUS COERULEUS VOCIFERUS	
` '	The Indian Black-winged Kite.	
	Rare straggler up to about 5000 ft. Not recorded since 1921.	
(1790)	CIRCUS MACROURUS	r
. ,	The Pale Harrier.	
	Passage migrant. Not uncommon.	
(1791)	CIRCUS PYGARGUS	
, ,	Montagu's Harrier	
	Passage migrant and uncommon winter visitor below 5000 ft. Local.	
(1792)	CIRCUS CYANEUS CYANEUS	
	The Hen-Harrier.	
	Passage migrant and not uncommon winter visitor locally below 5000 f	t.
(1793)	CIRCUS MELANOLEUCUS	
	The Pied Harrier.	
	Passage migrant and not uncommon winter visitor below 4000 ft. Loca	1.
(1794)	CIRCUS AERUGINOSUS AERUGINOSUS	
	The Marsh Harrier.	
	Once recorded: Singla, 900 ft., April 1925.	
(1796)	BUTEO RUFINUS RUFINUS	
	The Long-legged Buzzard.	
	Passage migrant and winter visitor at all elevations. Not uncommon.	

(1799)	BUTEO BURMANICUS  The Japanese Desert-Buzzard. Passage migrant and winter visitor below 5000 ft. Common.	
(1801)	ASTUR GENTILIS SCHVEDOWI The Eastern Goshawk.	D
(1803)	Only twice recorded: Sungma, 4500 ft., 48/11/18; Darjeeling, 65/ASTUR BADIUS DUSSUMIERI The Indian Shikra, Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	00 ft., January 1928.
(1810)	·	D
(1811)	ACCIPITER NISUS NISOSIMILIS  The Asiatic Sparrow-Hawk.  Once recorded on migration: Mongpu, 3000 ft., Nov. 1918.	:
(1812)	ACCIPITER NISUS MELANOSCHISTUS	D
	The Indian Sparrow-Hawk.	D
	Resident at all elevations. Common.	
(1814)	ACCIPITER VIRGATUS AFFINIS  The Northern Besra Sparrow-Hawk.  Resident up to 7000 ft. Rare.	D
(1819)	PERNIS PTILORHYNCHUS RUFICOLLIS	
	The Indian Crested Honey-Buzzard.	
	Resident up to about 4000 ft. Rare and local.	
(1820)	PERNIS APIVORUS ORIENTALIS	
	The Siberian Honey-Buzzard.	
41.000	Regular passage migrant. Not common.	
(1822)	BAZA LEUPHOTES LEUPHOTES The Indian Plach exected Rese	•
	The Indian Black-crested Baza. Resident up to about 4000 ft. Rare.	
(1824)	BAZA JERDONI JERDONI	
(1021)	The Northern Brown or Blyth's Baza.	· ·
	Probably resident up to 6000 ft. Very rare.	
(1840)	SPHENOCERCUS APICAUDUS APICAUDUS	. •
(	The Himalayan Pin-tailed Green Pigeon.	
	Resident up to 5000 ft. Very local and not common.	
(1841)	SPHENOCERCUS SPHENURUS SPHENURUS  The Himalayan Wedge-tailed Green Pigeon or Kakla C Resident from 3500-7000 ft. Local. Not uncommon.	D Green Pigeon.
(1843)	DUCULA BADIA INSIGNIS  The Nepal Maroon-backed or Hodgson's Imperial Pige Breeds up to about 3500 ft. Rare. Both higher and lower in v	on.
(1852)	CHALCOPHAPS INDICA INDICA  The Indian Emerald Dove.  Resident up to 6000 ft. Common.	
(1864)	COLUMBA PULCHRICOLLIS	D
(1001)	The Ashy Wood-Pigeon. Probably breeds from 6500 ft. upwards. Some birds wander as in winter.	_
(1867)	DENDROTRERON HODGSONII  The Speckled Wood-Pigeon.  Winter visitor down to 5500 ft. Rare.	
(1870)	STREPTOPELIA ORIENTALIS ORIENTALIS The Rufous Turtle-Dove	
	Probably only occurs as a rare winter visitor down to about 6000	ft.
(1873)	STREPTOPELIA CHINENSIS SURATENSIS	D
(1013)	The Indian Spotted Dove	
	Summer visitor up to 6500 ft. Common.	

(1884)	MACROPYGIA UNCHALL TUSALIA  The Indian Bar-tailed Cuckoo-Dove Resident up to about 7000 ft. Common.	)
(1903)	GALLUS BANKIVA MURGHI The Indian Red Jungle-Fowl	
(1920)	The Black-backed Kalij Pheasant	)
(1928)	Resident up to about 7000 ft. Common locally LOPHOPHORUS IMPEJANUS The Impeyan Pheasant or Monal	
(1950)	Occurs on Senchal, having been re-introduced.  COTURNIX COTURNIX COTURNIX  The Common Grey Quail	
(1959)	Rate passage migrant.  ARBOROPHILA TORQUEOLA TORQUEOLA  The Assam Common Hill-Partridge	
(1962)	Resident from 7000 ft. upwards. Common.  ARBOROPHILA RUFOGULARIS RUFOGULARIS  Blyth's or the Sikkim Rufous-throated Hill-Partridge	
(1997)	Resident up to about 7000 ft. Common.  TURNIX SUSCITATOR PLUMBIPES  The Burmese Bustard Quail	
(2005)	Resident up to about 6000 ft. Common. TURNIX TANKI TANKI The Indian Large Button Quail	
(2013)	Recorded up to 7500 ft. Probably rare straggler. PORZANA PUSILLA PUSILLA The Eastern Baillon's Crake	
(2025)	Once recorded: Okaytr T.E. 5000 ft. April 1940.  AMAURORNIS BICOLOR  The Olive-backed or Elewes's Crake  Only recorded from Mirik, 5500 ft. on 30-1-38 and Rungbong Valley, 4	200 fr
(2047)	27/3/18. Very rare resident. BURHINUS OEDICNEMUS The Indian Stone-Plover	
(2084)	Ascends the Tista River to 3000 ft. Probably rare resident.  STERNA HIRUNDA TIBETANA  The Tibetan Tern	D
(2124)	Once recorded on migration: Darjeeling, 6500 It. May 1926 HOPLOPTERUS DUVAUCELII The Spur-winged Plover	
(2132)	Breeds up to 1000 ft. on Tista and Rungeet rivers. Absent in the Rains. IBIDORHYNCHA STRUTHERSII The Ibis-Bill	
(2143)	Uncommon winter visitor to the larger rivers below 1000 ft TRINGA OCHROPHUS The Green Sandpiper	r.
(2145)	Common winter visitor and passage migrant on the big rivers below 1000 TRINGA HYPOLEUCOS  The Common Sandpiper	
(2167)	Common passage migrant and winter visitor on the big rivers below 1000 SCOLOPAX RUSTICOLA RUSTICOLA The Woodcock	h. D
(2168)	Breeds from 6500 ft. upwards. Lower in winter. Common locally CAPELLA NEMORICOLA  The Wood-Snipe	
(2169)	Probably breeds from 6000 ft. upwards. Lower in winter Not common CAPELLA SOLITARIA  The Eastern Solitary Snipe	
	Regular winter visitor at all elevations. Rare.	

(2170) CAPELLA GALLINAGO GALLINAGO

The Common or Fantail Snipe
Passage migrant and local winter visitor to Mirik swamp.

(2173) CAPELLA STENURA
The Pintail Snipe

Passage migrant and local winter visitor to Mirik swamp.

(2175) LYMNOCRYPTES MINIMA

The Jack Snipe
Passage migrant and local winter visitor to Mirik swamp.

(2180) PHALACROCORAX CARBO SINENSIS

The Indian Large Cormorant
Occasional visitor to the larger rivers below 1200 ft.

(2182) PHALACROCORAX NIGER

The Little Cormorant

Casual winter visitor on Tista and Rungeet rivers.

(2216) ARDEA PURPUREA MANILLENSIS

The Eastern Purple Heron
Occasional visitor up the Tista River as far as Riyang, 700 ft.

(2218) ARDEA CINEREA CINEREA

The Common Grey Heron
Occurs in winter on the Tista and Rungneet Rivers. Not common.

(2220) ARDEA IMPERIALIS

The Great White-bellied Heron

Recorded as a rare straggler up the Tista River as far as Birik, 500 ft.

(2225) EGRETTA GARZETTA GARZETTA

The Little Egret

Winter visitor up the Tista River as far as Riyang.

(2231) BUTORIDES STRIATUS JAVANICUS

The Indian Little Green Heron

Probably resident up to 3600 ft. Not common.

(2270) MARECA PENELOPE

The Wigeon

Passage migrant. Not common.

(2271) NETTION CRECCA CRECCA

The Common Teal

Passage migrant and local winter visitor to Mirik swamp.

(2274) DAFILA ACUTA ACUTA The Pintail
Rare passage migrant.

(2278) NETTA RUFINA

The Red-crested Pochard
Passage migrant. Once recorded: Rungeet River, 900 ft., 4/3/32.

(2283) NYROCA FULIGULA FULIGULA

The Tufted Pochard

Passage migrant. Once recorded: Namring, 3500 ft., 8/4/41.

(2288) MERGUS MERGANSER ORIENTALIS

The Eastern Goosander

Winter visitor to the larger rivers. Not uncommon.

The following pass over our area on migration without coming down.

(2034) GRUS GRUS LILFORDI The Eastern Common Crane

(2040) ANTHROPOIDES VIRGO The Demoiselle Crane

(2252) ANSER ANSER
The Grey Lag Goose

(2258) ANSER INDICUS

The Bar-headed Goose

(2263) CASARCA FERRUGINEA
The Ruddy Sheldrake or Brahminy Duck

## SUPPLEMENT

## TO

## "Birds of Darjeeling & Neighbourhood"

### CONTAINING

- (A) BIRDS OF THE SIKKIM HIMALAYAS OUTSIDE DARJEELING AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.
- (B) BIRDS RECORDED FOR THE SIKKIM HIMALAYAS IN THE F.B.I. OF WHICH THERE ARE NO LOCAL RECORDS BUT WHICH ARE LIKELY TO OCCUR.
- (C) BIRDS RECORDED FOR THE SIKKIM HIMALAYAS IN THE F.B.I. OR LABELLED 'DARJEELING' OR 'SIKKIM' IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM WHICH DO NOT OCCUR AT THE PRESENT TIME AND SHOULD BE OMITTED FROM ANY FUTURE LIST UNLESS FURTHER INFORMATION IS FORTHCOMING.

By

W. H. MATTHEWS

1944

#### (2) CORVUS CORAX TIBETANUS

The Tibetan Raven

Occurs, uncommonly, from 12000-18000 ft. according to season, in the extreme Northern ranges. Not uncommon on the Gyantse plain. Resident.

#### (48)PYRRIIOCORAX PYRRIIOCORAX HIMALAYANUS

The Eastern Red-billed Chough

Breeds from 12000-16000 ft. Down to 8000 ft. in winter. Recorded up to 20,000 ft. in summer. Common.

#### (49)PYRRHOCORAX GRACULUS FORSYTHI

Himalayan Yellow-billed Chough

Resident. Occurs from 15,000 ft. or higher down to 8000 ft. according to season. According to Stevens it avoids human habitations. Not common.

#### (50)PODOCES HUMILIS

Hume's Ground Chough

Recorded from Gyagong, 16,000 ft. and Thangu, 15,000 ft. Common in Chumbi valley and Gyantse plain.

#### (67)LOPHOPHANES RUFONUCHALIS BEAVANI

The Sikkim Black Tit

Breeds from 10,000 ft. up to limit of the trees. Down to 8000 ft. in winter. Common.

#### (68)LOPHOPHANES DICHROUS DICHROUS

The Brown-crested Tit

Resident from 9000-12,000 ft. Not uncommon locally.

#### **AEGITHALISCUS IOUSCHISTOS** (85)

The Rufous-fronted Tit

Resident from 9000-10,000 ft. Not uncommon.

#### (89)CONOSTOMA AEMODIUM

The Great Parrot Bill

Breeds from 10,000-12,000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common.

#### SUTHORA FULVIFRONS FULVIFRONS (100)

The Fulvous-fronted Suthora

Resident from 10,000-12,000 ft. in "maling" bamboo. Not common.

#### IANTHOCINCLA OCELLATA OCELLATA (140)

The Sikkim White-Spotted Laughing-Thrush

Resident from 9000-12,000 ft. Not common. Local.

#### TROCHALOPTERON AFFINE AFFINE (161)

The Nepal Black-faced Laughing-Thrush

Breeds from 9000-13,000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.

#### TROCHALOPTERON LINEATUM SETIFER (171)

The Nepalese Streaked Laughing-Thrush

Once recorded: Dentam, 4500 ft., 1925.

#### PTERUTHIUS XANTHOCHLORIS XANTHOCHLORIS (358)

The Nepal Green Shrike-Babbler

Probably breds from 8000-10,000 ft. Lower in winter. Not uncommon.

#### SPHENOCICHLA HUMEI (473)

Hume's Wedge-billed Wren

Once recorded from about 6000 ft. above Namchi. Practically nothing is known about this bird.

#### CINCLUS CINCLUS CASHMERIENSIS (477)

The Kashmir or White-breasted Asiatic Dipper

Occurs from 12,000-17,000 ft. Observed on Changu Lake, 12,800 ft. on 8/5/29. Not common.

#### HETEROXENICUS STELLATUS (486)

Gould's Short-wing

Once recorded from Yumthaug, 12,500 ft. Obtained by Stevens at 7000 ft. in East Nepal 8/4/12.

- (497) SAXICOLA TORQUATA STEJNEGERI

  The Japanese Bush-Chat
  Once recorded on migration, Karponang, 9000 ft., 23,9,31.
- (527) PHOENICURUS SCHISTICEPS

  The White-throated Redstart

  Breeds from about 12,000 ft. up to 17,000 ft. Lower in winter but rarely below 10,000 ft. Not uncommon.
- (533) PHOENICURUS ERYTHROGASTER GRANDIS

  The Afghan Redstart

  Probably breeds from 14,000-17,000 ft. Lower in winter. Not recorded lower than 11,900 ft.; Sandakphu, 9,4/30. Rare.
- (541) GRANDALA COELICOLOR COELICOLOR '
  Hodgson's Grandala
  Breeds from 16,000 ft. up to nearly 20,000 ft. Down to 9000 ft. in winter. Common.
- (553) ADELURA COERULOCEPHALA

  The Blue-headed Robin
  Saburkum. Nepal-Sikkim frontier, 11,500 ft., 19/2/12.
- (565a) TURDUS MERULA BUDDHAF.

  The Central Asian Blackbird
  Once recorded; Yumthang, 14,000-15,000 in winter.
- (575) TURDUS KESSLERI PRZEWALSKI

  Przewalski's Thrush.

  Twice recorled, Changu, 12,100 ft. on 21/12/25 and above Darjeeling, 9000 ft.

  Evidently straggler into Sikkim from Tibet in winter.
- (620) LAIOSCOPUS COLLARIS NIPALENSIS

  The Eastern Alpine Accentor

  Probably breeds from about 14,000-18,000 ft. Down as low as 6500 ft. in winter, usually not below 9000 ft. Not uncommon.
- (624) LAIOSCOPUS HIMALAYANUS

  The Altai or Rufous-backed Accentor

  Probably breeds from 12,000-17,000 ft. Down to 9500 ft. in winter. Not uncommon.
- (628) PRUNELLA STROPHIATA STROPHIATA

  The Eastern Rufous-breasted Accentor

  Breeds from 12,000-16,000 ft. Down to 7500 ft. in winter. Not common.
- (630) PRUNELLA FULVESCENS FULVESCENS

  The Turkestan Brown Accentor

  Rare straggler from Tibet in winter. Not recorded below 10,000 ft.
- (880) PHYLLOSCOPUS TROCHILOIDES TROCHILOIDES

  The Dull Green Willow-Warbler

  Probably breeds from 11,000-14,000 ft. Wanders down to the Plains in winter.

  Not common.
- (882) PHYLLOSCOPUS CORONATUS CORONATUS

  Temminick's Crowned Willow-Warbler

  Twice recorded on migration; Rangpo, 2100 ft. and Gangtok, 6400 ft., 12/25.
- (909) HOMOCHLAMYS ACANTHIZOIDES BRUNNESCENS

  The Sikkim Rufous-backed Bush-Warbler

  Probably breeds from 9000-11,000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common.
- (915) HOMOCHLAMYS MAJOR

  The Large Bush-Warbler

  Probably breeds from 9000-12,000 ft. Lower in winter. Very rare.
- (1041) PERISSOSPIZA CARNIPES CARNIPES

  The Nepal White-winged Grosbeak
  Only found in the northern part of Sikkim. Breeds from 9000-12,000 ft. Not recorded below 8500 ft. Not uncommon.

- (1052) PYRRYRRHULA SUBHIMACHALA SUBHIMACHALA

  The Red-headed Rose Finch
  3 times recorded from the Singalala ridge: Tongla, 10,000 ft., 23/1/12; KalaPokari, 10,000 ft., 28/4/12; Sandakphu, 11,900 ft., 12/10/28.
- (1053) PYRRHOSPIZA PUNICEA PUNICEA

  The Red-breasted Rose Finch

  Recorded for Sikkim above 14,000 ft. only. Last record, Natu La, 14,750 ft. 21/12/25.
- (1055) PROPASSER THURA THURA

  The Nepal White-browed Rose Finch

  Breeds from 12,000-17,000 ft. Down to 8800 ft. in winter. Common.
- (1059) PROPASSER PULCHERRIMUS PULCHERRIMUS

  The Nepal Beautiful Rose Finch
  Probably breeds from 12,000-15,000 ft. Down to 8800 ft. in winter. Rare.
- (1062) PROPASSER RHODOCHROA

  The Pink-browed Rose Finch

  Twice recorded on the Singalala ridge; Tonglu, 10,000 ft., 22/1/12 and 8/2/12;
  Phalut, 11,800 ft., 12/4/30. A straggler from Nepal.
- (1064) PROPASSER EDWARDSII SATURATUS

  The Nepal Large Rose Finch

  Probably breeds from 12,000-15,000 ft. Down to 9000 ft. in winter. Not common.
- (1083) CALLACANTHIS BURTONI

  The Red-browed Finch
  Probably resident from 9000-10,000 ft. Not common.
- (1087) ACANTHIS FLAVIROSTRIS RUFOSTRIGATA

  The Tibetan Twite

  Rare straggler from Tibet. Natu La, 14,100 ft., 21/12/25.
- (1091) SPINUS THIBETANA
  The Tibetan Siskin
  Breeds above 14,000 ft. Lower in winter. Rare.
- (1111) MONTIFRINGILLA NIVALIS ADAMSI

  The Tibet Snow-Finch

  Breeds from 12,000-15,000 ft. Recorded down to 10,000 ft. in winter. Rare.
- (1112) MONTIFRINGILLA TACZANOWSKII

  The Ashy-necked or Mandelli's Snow-Finch
  Probably only a straggler from Tibet. Yeumbo, 17,000 ft., 14/10/27.
- (1113) MONTIFRINGILLA RUFICOLLIS

  The Red-necked Snow-Finch

  Probably only an occasional visitor from Tibet. Natu La, 14,100 ft. 21/12/25.
- (1114) MONTIFRINGILLA BLANFORDI

  The Black-throated or Blanford's Snow-Finch

  Probably only an uncommon winter visitor: Natu La, 14,000 ft., 21/12/25.
- (1118) MONTIFRINGILLA BRANDTI ANDREYANA

  The Tibetan Rosy-rumped Mountain-Finch
  Occasional straggler from Tibet. Yeumbo, 17,000 ft., 14/10/27.
- (1132) EMBERIZA SPODOCEPHALA MELANOPS

  The Yangtse Black-headed Bunting
  Once recorded. Karponang, 9000 ft., 19/2/25.
- (1142) DELICHON URBICA CASHMERIENSIS

  The Kashmir House Martin
  Recorded from Gnatong bungalow, 12,300 ft., 14/8/25.
- (1176) MOTACILLA FLAVA THUNBERGI

  The Grey-headed Wagtail

  Rare passage migrant, obtained at Yumthang, 12,000 ft.
- (1203) ANTHUS SPINOLETTA JAPONICUS

  The Japanese Water Pipit

  Casual and rare passage migrant.

- (1208) OCTOCORIS ALPESTRIS ELWESI

  The Tibetan or Elwes's Horned Lark
  Only found on the extreme northern border from 15,000-18,000 ft.
- (1212) ALAUDA ARVENSIS INOPINATA
  The Tibetan Skylark
  Recorded from Thangu, 18,100 ft. on 19/11/25.
- (1215) ALAUDA GULGULA GULGULA

  The Indian Small Skylark
  Once recorded, Dentam, 4500 ft., 9/1/26.
- (1215a) ALAUDA GULGULA TRIBORHYNCHA The Nepal Small Skylark Kalimpong, 4500 ft., 15/10/25.
- (1222) CALANDRELLA BRACHYDACTYLA LONGIPENNIS

  The Yarkand Short-toed Lark
  Apparently rather irregular passage migrant.
- (1633) BATRACHOSTOMUS JAVENSIS HODGSONI

  Hodgson's Frogmouth

  Recorded from Rangit Valley, 3000-4000 ft. and from Namchi. Very vare.
- (1858) COLUMBA LEUCONOTA LEUCONOTA

  The White-bellied or Nepalese Snow Pigeon
  Breeds from 10,000-14,000 ft. Lower in winter. Common.
- (1861) COLUMBA PALUMBUS CASIOTIS

  The Eastern Wood-Pigeon or Ring-Dove
  Only reported from Tonglu, 10,000 ft. Status uncertain.
- (1872) STREPTOPELIA ORIENTALIS MEENA

  The Indian Rufous Turtle-Dove
  Recorded from Rhenock, 3200 ft., Status uncertain.
- (1931) TRAGOPAN SATYRA

  The Crimson Horned-Pheasant or Satyr Tragopan

  Breeds from 8000-12,000 ft. Down to 6000 ft. in winter. Not uncommon locally.
- (1936) ITHAGINIS CRUENTUS .

  The Blood-Pheasant
  Breeds from about 12,000-14,000 ft. Down to 10,000 ft. in winter. Common locally.
- (1986) PERDIX HODGSONIAE HODGSONIAE

  The Tibetan Partridge

  Probably occurs in extreme N. E. Sikkim above 12,000 ft. No local records or specimens. Not uncommon according to F.B.I.
- (1992) TETRAOGALLUS TIBETANUS AQUILONIFER

  The Sikkim Snow-Cock

  Twice recorded. Above Thangu, 15,700 ft. and round Gyagong. 16,500 ft. Probably resident.
- (1993) LERWA LERWA
  The Snow-Patridge
  Breeds from about 12,500-17000 ft. Lower in winter. Not common.
- (2264) ANAS PLATYRHYNCHA PLATYRHYNCHA

  The Mallard

  Rare passage migrant.
- (2275) QUERQUEDULA QUERQUEDULA
  The Garganey or Blue-winged Teal
  Passage migrant.
- (2276) SPATULA CLYPEATA

  The Shoveller

  Rare passage migrant.
- (2280) NYROCA RUFA RUFA

  The White-eyed Pochard
  Passage migrant.
- (2292) PODICEPS RUFICOLLIS CAPENSIS

  The Indian Little Grebe
  Once recorded.

B

- (101) SUTHORA RUFICEPS RUFICEPS

  The Red-headed Suthora

  Recorded for Sikkim only in F.B.I. Not met with by Stevens and no specimens in Darjeeling Museum.
- (229) DUMETIA HYPERYTHRA

  The Rufous-bellied Babbler

  No records except in F.B.I. Possible straggler to the foothills from the west.
- (317) LEIOPTILA ANNECTENS ANNECTENS

  The Sikkim Chestnut-headed Sibia

  Recorded from 4000 ft. upwards. No up to date information available.
- (344) IXULUS OCCIPITALIS

  The Chestnut-headed Ixulus

  No records except in F.B.I. Possible straggler from the East, between 3000 and 7000 ft.
- The Tibetan Desert-Chat
  Winter visitor from Tibet, straggling down to about 4000 ft. Possibly breeds in extreme N. E. Sikkim above 12,000 ft.
- (581) TURDUS OBSCURUS OBSCURUS

  The Dark Thrush

  Recorded in F.B.I. as occuring as far west as Sikkim. Of doubtful occurence.
- (627) PRUNELLA ATROGULARIS

  The Black-throated Accentor

  Recorded in F.B.I. as occuring in Sikkim. May occur as a straggler in winter.
- (655) MUSCICAPULA UNICOLOR UNICOLOR

  The Indian Pale Blue Flycatcher

  Should occur from foothills up to 3000 ft. No records for 65 years.
- (663) MUSCICAPULA MAGNIROSTRIS
   The Large-billed Blue Flycatcher
   . Apparently recorded on the strength of doubtfully labelled specimens in the British
   Museum. May be a rare resident from 3000 to 7000 ft.
- (807) LOCUSTELLA NAEVIA STRAMINEA

  The Eastern Grasshopper Warbler

  No records since 1876. May occur as accidental visitor on migration.
- (827) FRANKLINIA GRACILIS HODSONII

  The Ashy Grey Wren-Warbler

  May straggle into our area from the Plains.

OENANTHE DESERTI OREOPHILA

- (829) FRANKLINIA RUFESCENS AUSTENI

  The Assam Wren-Warbler

  May straggle into our area from the Plains.
- (830) FRANKLINIA CINEREOCAPILLA Hodgson's Wren-Warbler May straggle into our area from the Plains.
- (1063) PROPASSER RODEPEPLUS

  The Spotted-winged Rose-Finch

  Recorded in F.B.I. as extending as far west as Sikkim. Doubtful.
- (1127) EMBERIZA CIA GODLEWSKII

  The Chinese Meadow-Bunting
  No records. Possible straggler in winter.
- (1135) EMBERIZA RUTILA

  The Chestnut Bunting
  Possible straggler in winter.

(514)

- (1175) MOTACILLA FLAVA BEEMA

  The Indian Blue-headed Wagtail

  Sure to occur on migration, though no definite records to date.
- (1199) ANTHUS RUFOGULARIS

  The Red-throated Pipit
  Possible passage migrant.

В

- (1209) MELANOCORYPHA MAXIMA

  The Long-billed Calandra Lark

  Probably straggles into extreme N. E. Sikkim from Tibet, where it is common.
- (1334) SERILOPHUS RUBROPYGIUS

  The Nepal Collared or Hodgson's Broadbill
  May straggle into our area from the Plains.
- (1450) INDICATOR XANTHONOTUS

  The Yellow-backed Honey Guide

  No records since 1879. Possibly still occurs as a very rare and local resident.
- (1540) ALCEDO MENENTING COLTARTI

  The Assam Blue-eared Kingfisher

  May straggle into our area from the Duars.
- (1629a) CAPRIMULUGUS MONTICOLUS BURMANICUS Baker's Burmese Nightjar
  May straggle into our area from the Duars.
- (1659) BUBO BUBO TIBETANUS

  The Tibetan Great-Horned Owl

  Probably occurs in extreme north above 14,000 ft.
- (1660) BUBO BUBO BENGALENSIS

  The Indian Great-Horned Owl

  Recorded for the Himalayas from Kashmir to Assam up to 5000 ft. Possibly rate resident.
- (1719) FALCO PEREGRINATOR PEREGRINATOR

  The Shahin Falcon

  Recorded for the lower Himalayas up to 8000 ft. Possibly very rare resident.
- (1746) AQUILA CHRYSAETOS DAPHANEA
  The Himalayan Golden Eagle
  Apparently no actual specimens from Sikkim but it is sure to occur as a casual visitor at any rate.
- (1859) COLUMBA LEUCONOTA GRADARIA

  The Tibetan Snow Pigeon

  Probably only occurs as a casual visitor above 14,000 ft.
- (1883) OENOPOPELIA TRANQUEBARICA MURMENSIS

  The Sikkim Red Turtle-Dove
  Only likely to be found at low elevations.
- (1901) POLYPLECTRON BICALCARATUM BAKERI

  The Bhutan Peacock-Pheasant
  No recent records for Sikkim. Probably extinct from our area.
- (1966) ARBOROPHILA MANDELLII

  The Red-breasted Hill-Partridge

  May occur in N. E. Sikkim as a straggler from the Chumbi Valley.
- (2033) ROSTRATULA BENGHALENSIS BENGHALENSIS

  The Indian Painted Snipe
  Recorded in F.B.I. for swamps and lakes of Himalayas up to 5000 ft. May occur.
- (2129) MICROSARCOPS CINEREUS

  The Grey-headed Lapwing

  Recorded for Darjeeling in British Museum. Possibly a passage migrant.
- (2134) NUMENIUS ARQUATA ORIENTALIS

  The Eastern Curlew

  Specimen from Darjeeling in British Museum. Possibly a passage migrant.
- (2155) EROLIA MINUTA MINUTA

  The Little Stint
  Specimen marked 'Darjeeling' in British Museum. Possibly passage migrant.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

- (18) PICA PICA BOTTANENSIS The Black-rumped Magpie
- (20) UROCISSA ERYTHROHYNCHA OCCIPITALIS The Red-billed Blue Magpie
- (47) NUCIFRAGA MULTIPUNCTATA
  The Larger-spotted Nutcracker
- (75) MACHLOLOPHUS XANTHOGENYS XANTHOGENYS The Northern Yellow-cheeked Tit
- (182) BABAX WADDELLI The Giant Tibet Babax
- (198) ACANTHOPTILA NIPALENSIS The Spiny Babbler
- (235) CHRYSOMMA SINENSIS SATURATOR The Bhutan Yellow-eyed Babbler
- (267) MALACOCINCLA SEPIARIA ABBOTTI The Indian Rusty-vented Babbler
- (444) CERTHIA HIMALAYANA HIMALAYANA The Himalayan Tree-Creeper
- (498) SAXICOLA LEUCURA
  The White-tailed Bush-Chat
- (500) SAXICOLA INSIGNIS Hodgson's Bush-Chat
- (574) TURDUS EUNOMUS
  The Dusky Thrush
- (618) COCHEA VIRIDIS The Green Thrush
- (700) LEUCOCERCA AUREOLA AUREOLA
  The White-browed Fantail Flycatcher
- (714) LANIUS SCHACH ERYTHRONOTUS
  The Rufous-backed Shrike
- (744) PERICROCOTUS ROSEUS ROSEUS The Indian Rosy Minivet
- (765) DICTURUS ANNECTENS The Crow-billed Drongo
- (818) ORTHOTOMUS ATROGULARIS NITIDUS The Burmese Black-necked Tailor-Bird
- (936) PRINIA SOCIALIS INGLISI
  The Duars Ashy Wren-Warbler
- (948) LEPTOPOECILE SOPHIAE OBSCURA The Tibetan Tit-Warbler
- (953) ORIOLUS ORIOLUS KUNDOO The Indian Oriole
- (999) AETHIOPSAR FUSCUS FUSCUS The Indian Jungle Myna
- (1061) PROPASSER RHODOCHLAMYS GRANDIS The Simla Red-mantled Rose-Finch
- (1070) CARPODACUS RUBICILLOIDES RUBICILLOIDES The Kansu Great Rose-Finch
- (1071) CARPODACUS RUBICILLA SEVERTZOVI The Turkestan or Severtzoff's Rose-Finch
- (1104) PASSER MONTANUS TIBETANUS The Tibetan Tree-Sparrow

- (1158)HIRUNDO FLUVICOLA The Indian Cliff-Swallow ANTHUS SORDIDUS JERDONI (1191)The Brown Rock-Pipit ANTHUS RICHARDI RUFULUS (1195)The Indian Pipit ALAUDA GULGULA THAMARUM (1214)The Laduk Skylark MIRAFRA ASSAMICA ASSAMICA (1231)The Bengal Bush-Lark CHALCOPARIA SINGALENSIS ASSAMENSIS (1258)The Indian Ruby-Cheek AETHOPYGA SIPARAJA MUSSOORIENSIS (1263)The Kuman Yellow-backed Sunbird PICUS SQUAMATUS SQUAMATUS (1337)The Scaly-bellied Green Woodpecker PICUS VITTATUS MYRMECOPHANEUS (1339)The Nepal Little Scaly-bellied Green Woodpecker DINOPIUM SHORII (1401)The Himalayan Golden-backed Three-toed Woodpecker CACOMANTIS MERULINUS QUERULUS (1463)The Burmese Plaintive Cuckoo CLAMATOR JACOBINUS JACOBINUS (1472)The Indian Pied Crested Cuckoo CENTROPUS SINENSIS SINENSIS (1490)The Common or Northern Crow-Pheasant (1501)PSITTACULA KRAMERI BOREALIS The Eastern Rose-ringed Paroquet PSITTACULA CYANOCEPHALA CYANOCEPHALA (1502)The Western Blossom-headed Paroquet PSITTACULA CYANOCEPHALA BENGALENSIS (1503)The Eastern Blossom-headed Paraquet CORYLLIS VERNALIS VERNALIS (1513)The Indian Loriquet MEROPS ORIENTALIS ORIENTALIS (1523)The Indian Green Bee-eater ALCEDO HERCULES (1542)The Great Blue Kingfisher UPUPA EPOPS ORIENTALIS (1581)The Indian Hoopoe KETUPA ZEYLONENSIS HARDWICKII (1053)The Northern Brown Fish Owl OTUS SUNIA SUNIA (1680)The Northern Brown Scops Owl CERCHNEIS NAUMANNI PEKINENSIS (1745)The Chinese Lesser Kestrel HIERAETUS FASCINATUS FASCINATUS (1752)
  - (1826) CROCOPUS PHOENICOPTERUS PHOENICOPTERUS
    The Bengal Green Pigeon

Bonelli's or the Slender Hawk Eagle

(1847) MUSCADIVORA AENEA SYLVATICA The Indian Green Imperial Pigeon C

(1856)	COLUMBA LIVIA INTERMEDIA  The Indian Blue Rock-Pigeon	
(1897)	PAVO CRISTATUS The Common Pea-Fowl	
(1978)	FRANCOLINUS FRANCOLINUS MELANONOTUS : The Assam Black Partridge	1
(2003)	TURNIX DUSSUMIERI The Little Button-Quail	. 9,1
(2014)	The Indian Banded Crake	***.
(2031)	The Bronze-winged Jacana	١
(2123)	VANELLOCHETTUSIA LEUCURA  The White-tailed Lapwing State of Spanish and the state of the state o	1
(2125)	The Indian Red-wattled Lapuing (1)	í
(2128)	The Yellow-wattled Lapwing And Market A Control of the Annual Cont	
(2130)	TITLE A NUTS NOTICE TITLE A NUTS NOTICE THAT A NUTS NOTICE TO THE CONTRACT OF	۲.
(2137)	The Black-tailed Godwit	
(2250)	NETTAPUS COROMANDELIANUS  The Cotton-Teal	
(2260)	The Lesser or Common Whistling Teul	١ )
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